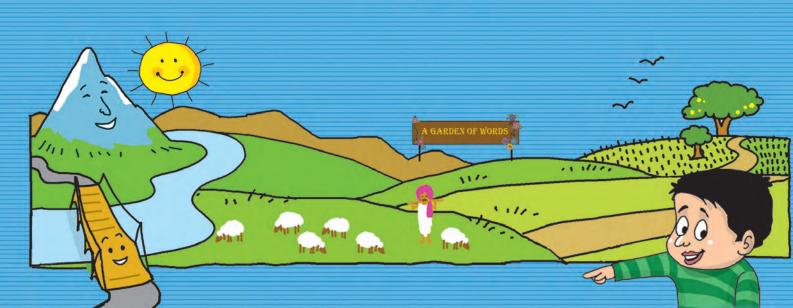




STANDARD FOUR

(اُردؤمیڈیم)

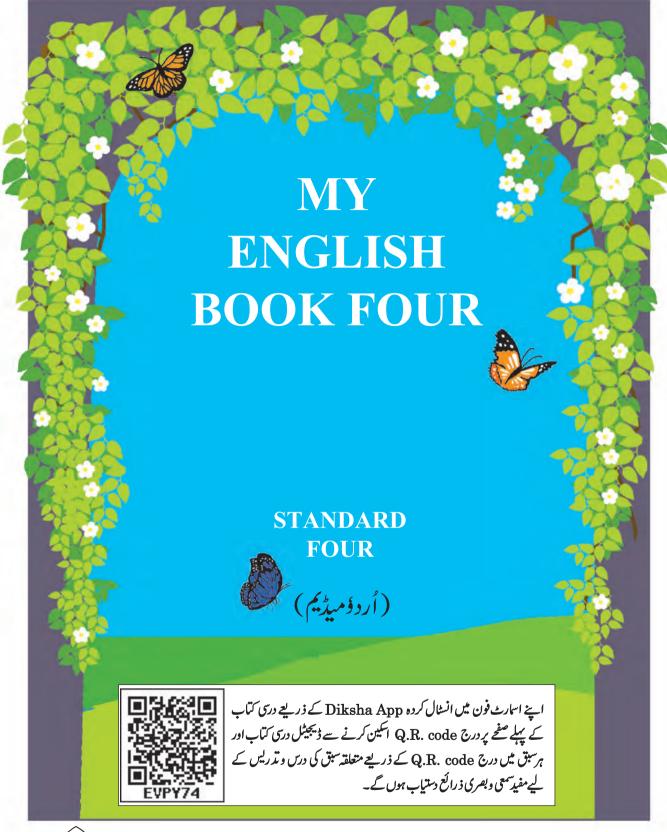


بھارت کا آئین حصہ 4 الف بنیادی فرائض

حصہ 51 الف

بنیادی فرائض - بھارت کے ہرشہری کا پیفرض ہوگا کہوہ ...

- (الف) آئین پر کاربندرہے اوراس کے نصب العین اوراداروں، قومی پرچم اور قومی ترانے کا احترام کرے۔
- (ب) ان اعلی نصب العین کوعزیز رکھے اور ان کی تقلید کرے جوآ زادی کی تحریک میں قوم کی رہنمائی کرتے رہے ہیں۔
 - (ج) بھارت کے اقتدارِ اعلیٰ ، اتحاد اور سالمیت کو مشکم بنیادوں پر استوار کر کے ان کا تحفظ کر ہے۔
 - (د) ملک کی حفاظت کرے اور جب ضرورت پڑے تو می خدمت انجام دے۔
- (ہ) نہبی، لسانی اور علاقائی وطبقاتی تفرقات سے قطع نظر بھارت کے عوام الناس کے مابین یک جہتی اور عام بھائی چارے کے جذبے کوفروغ دے نیز الیی حرکات سے باز رہے جن سے خواتین کے وقار کو تھیں پہنچتی ہو۔
 - (و) ملک کی ملی جلی ثقافت کی قدر کرے اور اُسے برقرار رکھے۔
- (ز) قدرتی ماحول کوجس میں جنگلات، جھیلیں، دریا اور جنگلی جانور شامل ہیں محفوظ رکھے اور بہتر بنائے اور جانداروں کے تئیں محبت وشفقت کا جذبہ رکھے۔
 - (ح) دانشورانه رویے سے کام لے کرانسان دوستی اور تحقیقی واصلاحی شعور کوفروغ دے۔
 - (ط) قومی جائداد کا تحفظ کرے اور تشدد سے گریز کرے۔
- (ی) تمام انفرادی اور اجتماعی شعبوں کی بہتر کارکردگی کے لیے کوشاں رہے تا کہ قوم متواتر ترقی و کامیابی کی منازل طے کرنے میں سرگرم عمل رہے۔
- (ک) اگر ماں باپ یا ولی ہے، چھے سال سے چودہ سال تک کی عمر کے اپنے بیچے یا وارڈ، جیسی بھی صورت ہو، کے لیے تعلیم کے مواقع فراہم کرے۔





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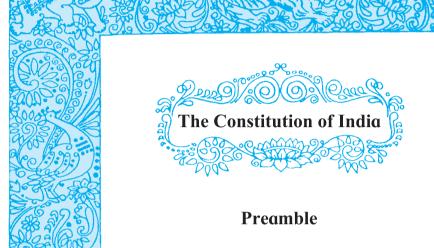
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WE, THE PEOPLE OF INDIA, having solemnly resolved to constitute India into a SOVEREIGN SOCIALIST SECULAR DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC and to secure to all its citizens:

JUSTICE, social, economic and political;

LIBERTY of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship;

EQUALITY of status and of opportunity; and to promote among them all

FRATERNITY assuring the dignity of the individual and the unity and integrity of the Nation;

IN OUR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY this twenty-sixth day of November, 1949, do HEREBY ADOPT, ENACT AND GIVE TO OURSELVES THIS CONSTITUTION.

NATIONAL ANTHEM

Jana- gana-mana-adhināyaka jaya hē Bhārata- bhāgya-vidhātā,

Panjāba-Sindhu-Gujarāta-Marāthā Drāvida-Utkala-Banga

Vindhya-Himāchala-Yamunā-Gangā uchchala-jaladhi-tarang

Tava subha nāmē jāgē, tava subha āsisa māgē, gāhē tava jaya-gāthā,

Jana-gana-mangala-dāyaka jaya hē Bhārata-bhāgya-vidhātā,

Jaya hē, Jaya hē, Jaya jaya jaya, jaya hē.

PLEDGE

India is my country. All Indians are my brothers and sisters.

I love my country, and I am proud of its rich and varied heritage. I shall always strive to be worthy of it.

I shall give my parents, teachers and all elders respect, and treat everyone with courtesy.

To my country and my people, I pledge my devotion. In their well-being and prosperity alone lies my happiness.

Preface

The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009 and National Curriculum Framework 2005 are two important events that have influenced primary education in our country. In the State of Maharashtra, too, the curriculum was revised to reflect their quidelines and expectations. We are happy to place this 'My English Book Four' based on 'Primary Education Curriculum 2012' in your hands.

The RTE Act emphasizes all round development of the child, as also learning through activities, discovery and exploration in a child-friendly and child-centred manner; making the child free of fear, trauma and anxiety and helping the child to express views freely. We have tried to design our textbooks so that these principles become a part of the teaching-learning process.

My English Book Four is meant for use in non-English medium schools. It is prepared in such a way that any primary teacher will be able to handle English as a subject in the fourth standard. Also, we have taken into account the environment in which the children are placed and which requires a knowledge of English. The textbook aims at helping children learn English joyfully through graded and engaging activities. We have tried to give children a systematic exposure to English so that gradually, they get a grasp of the language. In many places, we have provided specific instructions to the teachers. They will enable the teachers to deal with English in a non-traditional manner and will help reduce the burden on the child. Parents and guardians will also find the instructions useful. The textbook has been prepared in a big size with plenty of colourful illustrations to enhance its visual appeal for children. We hope that children will enjoy handling this textbook throughout the year.

The English Language Committee and the artist Reshma Barve have taken great pains to prepare this textbook. A draft of this textbook was reviewed by the panel of English teachers and experts. Their comments and suggestions were considered carefully while finalising the textbook. The Bureau is grateful to all of them.

We hope that the textbook will receive a warm welcome from students, parents and teachers.

(C. R. Borkar)

Director

Maharashtra State Bureau of Textbook Production and Curriculum Research, Pune.

Pune

Date: 16 March 2014 25 Phalgun 1935

			O., - G O	لت کی ص	عروفِ ع	.		
مثال		علامت	مثال		علامت	مثال		علامت
/ أوبے / گرْل/ / گيث/ / ټوث/	away girl gate boat	<u>ا</u> کے اِن	/ يوائس/ / يوال/ / ول / مؤن/ / مؤن/	box ball wool moon	وا وا	/ایپٹ/اسی/ /سٹ / بین / /بیٹ / خادر/	eat, see sit pen bat father	ر - کاب ا
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ا نیم/	name	ن	/تطليب/	thank	ø.	/ ئى/	tea	ك
/سِنگك	sing	ن	/ دِس/	this	٠,	/ ڈوال/	doll	ۇ
/ لک/	look	U	ا شيپ	sheep	ا ش	/ کی <u>ك</u> /	cat	رک
/ ریڈ/	red)	ميۋر	measure	<u>څ</u>	/ گو /	go	گ
اپیس/	yes	_	/ سيك/	seat	س ا	/ چیک/	cheek	ی
/ وواثر/	water	,	/ زِ <i>ٰپ/</i>	zip	ز	/ جؤن /	June	3

• جس حرف کے بنیجے علامت 'ه' بنی ہواہے یا تو پڑھانہیں جا تا یا انتہا کی خفیف کر کے پڑھا جا تا ہے۔ ● جس حرف کے او پرعلامت ' ← ' ت کن رئے سے پیلیفات کی دوسے یو دیوستا میں ہاں ہیں ہیں میں در کے بطاقاتا ہے۔ کا نظامی میں 'ہ' کی آواز نہ الف' کی ہے نہ 'و' کی بلکہ الف کی مدوری آواز ہے جے'وا' سے خاہر کہا گیا ہے اور لفظائی مل 'م' کی آواز 'آ 'اور' نے کی درمیانی آواز ہے۔ جے ' نے پرالف مقصورہ لکھ کر طاہر کیا گیا ہے۔ ہم جب دوحروف بھی ایک ساتھ آئیں اوران کے درمیان کوئی حرکت (زیر، زیر، پیش) نہ ہواور ان میں سے پہلے حرف کی آ واز تقیق ہوتو ان کی جوڑ آ واز کو ظاہر کرنے کے لیے نیم دائر ہ معکوں ' ^ ' کی علامت استعمال کی گئی ہے جیسے ٹیشن ،سکول وغیرہ۔علامت ''کفظ کےرکن برزوردینا ظاہر کرتی ہے۔الفاظ اور جملوں میں جہاں لازمی ہے وہاں بیعلامت دی گئی ہے۔

انگریزی تلفظ کی ادائیگی کے بارے میں

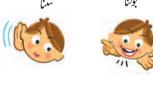
اس درسی کتاب میں اُردولیبی کی مدد سے انگریزی تلفّظ کی ادائیگی سکھائی گئی ہے۔اس میں خالص برطانوی یا امر کی تلفظ کومعیارمقرر نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔تعلیم یافتہ ہندوستانیوں کے تلفظ کو ذہن میں رکھتے ہوئے جہال تک ممکن ہوسکا انگریزی زبان سے قریب تر تلفظ دیے گئے ہیں۔ بہرحال کوئی الی تبدیلی نہیں کی گئی ہے جس کی وجہ سے انگریزی زبان سبھنے میں دشواری ہو۔اس مقصد سے ذوصوتی تلفظ بھی دیے گئے ہیں۔انگریزی کے t, d, th, f, v, w کے تلفّظ بھارتی زبانوں میں مختلف ہیں۔ اُنھیں علیحدہ سے دِکھانے کی کوشش نہیں کی گئی ہے لیکن انگریزی تلفّظ کی تیجے ادائیگی سکھانے کے لیے آ واز کے زور (stress) کو سمجھنا اور سکھنا ضروری ہے۔ کوشش سے سکھنے برانگریزی بولنے میں بہتری آنا یقینی ہے۔اس کتاب کی صوتی تحریر میں استعال ہونے والی صوتی علامتیں جدول میں دی گئی ہیں۔ان کی مدد سے کتاب میں دی ہوئی ہدایت کےمطابق لفظوں اورنظموں کی ادائیگی ہونی جاہیے۔صوتی تح پر تلفّظ سکھانے کے لیے مفید ضرور ہے لیکن ہیصرف ایک ذرایعہ ہے۔اجھااورمعیاری تلفّظ عملی کوشش سے ہی حاصل ہوتا ہے۔

*اساتذہ کے لیے *

- ٭ کتاب کی تدریس ہے قبل اوّا اُ یوری کتاب کا مطالعہ کرلیں۔ بیشتر صفحات پر اسا تذہ کے لیے ہدایات دی ہوئی ہیں، اُنھیں اُس وقت استعال میں
 - * کتاب میں درج کھیلوں کو صرف ایک ہی مرتبہ نہ کھلائیں بلکہ سال بھروقیاً فوقیاً کھلاتے رہیں۔
- * جماعت میں استعال ہونے والی بہت ساری ہدایتیں درسی کتاب میں انگریزی اور اُر دومیں دی گئی ہیں۔اس بات کا خیال رکھیں کہ بچوں کوانگریزی ہدایتیں سیجھنے کی عادت ہوجائے اوراُردو کا استعال کم سے کم کرتے جائیں۔
- * تظمیں، لے وآ ہنگ،حرکات وسکنات اور کہجے کے مناسب اُ تارچڑھاؤ کے ساتھ کہلوائیں۔اس امر کا خیال رکھیں کہ انگریزی الفاظ کا تلفظ واضح اور سیح ہو۔ جوڑیاں یا گروہ بنا کرمکالموں کی مثق کرائیں۔
- * لفظوں کی پیچان کرانے کے لیے تصاور ،اصل اشیاء،حرکات وسکنات اورعملی طریقوں کا استعال کریں۔اسی طرح سیاق وسباق سے لفظوں کے معنی سمجھنے کی ترغیب دس۔
- * روزانه استعال ہونے والے انگریزی الفاظ کی جانب بچوں کی توجہ مبذول کرائیں۔ جماعت میں مکالموں کی مثق کرتے وقت انگریزی الفاظ استعال کرنے کی ترغیب دیں**۔قرب وجوار میں استعال ہونے والےانگریزی الفاظ** کی جانب بچوں کی توجہ میذ ول کرائیں ۔اسکول کےاجا طےاور جماعت میں،انگریزی الفاظ، ہدایات اور نام لکھ کرالیی جگہ لگا دیں جہاں آتے جاتے بچوں کی نظریٹر سکے۔
 - * یہاصرار نہ کریں کہ بیچے ہمیشہ کمل جملے ہی کہیں۔وہ ایک دولفظوں میں یاعملاً / ادا کاری سے جواب دیتے ہں توانھیں قبول کرلیں۔
 - * بچوں کی غلطیوں کی نشاندہی نہ کریں اور نہ ہی بولنے کی کوشش کرتے وقت بار بارٹو کیں۔ وہ غلطی نہ کریں اس کے لیے حدیدا ٓ لات کااستعال کر کےان کے سامنے تھے تلفظ اور جملوں کےاستعال کے نمونے رکھیں ۔
 - مضمون نویسی سکھانا متو قع نہیں ہے۔ بچوں کوانگریزی زبان کی بول حیال آسانی سے ذہن نشین ہونے ا کے لیے کتاب کی تمام سرگرمیوں کے لیے بھریوروفت دیں۔
 - * لفظوں کی شاخت پختہ کرانے کے لیے' A Garden of Words 'کی سرگرمیوں اور کھیلوں کا با قاعدگی سے اور بھر پوراستعال کریں۔
 - * كتاب مين درج كمهاني، ڈرام، آواز كے أتار چڑھاؤ كے ساتھ بڑھ كرسنائيں _ بي بھى انھيں كتاب میں دیکھے کراستاد کے بعد دہرائیں۔اس طرح آ ہستہ آ ہستہ سلسل پڑھنے کی عادت پیدا ہوگی۔
 - * ہریونٹ میں دیا ہوا 'Project' ہر بچے سے کروایا جائے۔ یہ Projects اساتذہ اور سریرستوں کے کرنے کے لیے نہیں بلکہ بچوں کے کرنے کے لیے ہیں۔اس طرح ہرایک کے اندارج میں تنوّع نظر آئے گا۔ بچے کی اپنی بیاض/ فائل ہو جسے وقٹاً فوقٹاً جانچ کر ہمت افزائی/ رہنمائی کریں۔
 - * ہر یونٹ کے خاتمے ر^و ہم**یں بہآتا ہے** عنوان کے تحت چندیا تیں دی گئی ہیں۔ ہر یونٹ میں یہ وضاحت کردی گئی ہے کہ یونٹ کے خاتمے کے بعد بچوں کو کیا کیا آنا جا ہیے۔اس طرح قدریائی کے عمل میں بچوں کی شرکت یقینی ہوگی اور ضروری ابواب کی مزید مشق کروانا اساتذہ اور سریرستوں کے لیے آسان ہوگا۔
 - هم**ت افزائی** ... بچول کی ہمت افزائی بھی انگریزی میں کریں۔ • That's a good girl. • That's a good boy.

 - Well done! Right! Correct! • Excellent! • Very good! • That's nice!

ہرصفحہ پر درج عبارت کس لیے استعال کرناہے یہ بتانے کے لیے درج ذیل تصاویراستعال کی گئی ہیں۔ ان کےمطابق طلبہ کی شمولت کو بیٹنی بنائیں۔









My English Book Four-Standard Four - Learning Outcomes

My English Book Four—St	tandard Four – Learning Outcomes
Suggested Pedagogical Processes	Learning Outcomes
The learner may be provided opportunities in pairs/groups/ individually and	The learners: 04.17.01 Listens attentively to announcement and notes
encouraged to—	the message.
• participate in role play, enactment, dialogue and dramatisation of stories read and heard	04.17.02 Guesses the meaning of words, phrases and sentences from the context.
 listen to simple instructions, announcements in English made in class/school and act accordingly 	04.17.03 Enjoys and recites poems, songs and rhymes with proper actions, rhythm and appropriate expressions.
 participate in classroom discussions on questions based on the day-to-day life and texts he/she already read or heard 	04.17.04 Participates and enacts in role play, short skits, playlets with interest.
• learn English through posters, charts, etc., in addition to books and children's literature	04.17.05 Responds and follows simple instructions / announcements / requests in English and acts accordingly.
• read independently and silently in English, adventure stories, travelogues, folk/fairy tales etc.	04.17.06 Listens and responds attentively to stories, narrations, descriptions etc. in English and follows the meaning.
• understand different forms of writing (informal letters, lists, stories, diary entry etc.)	04.17.07 Reads English seen in the surroundings with understanding and at reasonable speed.
 learn grammar in a functional, contextual and integrated manner and frame grammatically correct sentences 	04.17.08 Tells/Shares jokes and riddles in English for entertainment.
 notice the use of nouns, pronouns, adjectives, prepositions and verbs in speech and writing and in different language 	04.17.09 Guesses the meaning of words, phrases, sentences from the context and solves simple crossword puzzles, builds word chain etc.
activities.	04.17.10 Reads and finds the meaning of new words from a dictionary for reference. Looks up the spelling
notice categories and word clinesenrich vocabulary in English mainly through	of words from a dictionary.
telling and re-telling stories/folk tales	04.17.11 Listens to word/sentence and writes them down.
• start using dictionary to find out spelling, reference and meaning	04.17.12 Uses punctuation marks appropriately in reading aloud with intonation and pauses such as question marks, comma and full stop.
 practise reading aloud with pause and intonation, with an awareness of 	04.17.13 Writes informal letters or messages with a
punctuation (full stop, comma, question mark); also use punctuation appropriately	meaningful representation. 04.17.14 Reads English seen in the surroundings with
 in writing infer the meaning of unfamiliar words from the context 	understanding and reasonable speed on the classroom walls, notice boards, in posters and in
 take dictation of words/phrases/sentences/ short paragraphs from known and unknown 	advertisements. 04.17.15 Uses noun, verb, adjective and preposition in
texts	speech and writing.
• be sensitive to social and environmental issues such as gender equality, conservation	04.17.16 Understands and use proper greetings and farewells. 04.17.17 Participates in a conversation and speaks briefly
of natural resources, etc.	on a familiar topic.
• look at cartoons/pictures/comic strips with or without words and interpret them.	04.17.18 Reads and understands map and graphics. 04.17.19 Reads text written by different people.
 enrich vocabulary through crossword puzzles, word chain, etc. 	04.17.20 Compares various programmes with some preparation.
• appreciates verbally and in writing the	04.17.21 Writes a continuous and meaningful passage.
variety in food, dresses and festivals as	04.17.22 Writes a description of a given process.
read/heard in his/her day-to-day life and	04.17.22 Writes a description of a given process.

04.17.23 Describes things, pictures, events, etc. in English

using simple and short sentences.

read/heard in his/her day-to-day life and

story book, seen in videos, films, etc.

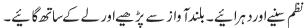
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An Action Song



Market Listen and repeat. Read aloud and sing.





Unit One





... join hands together



We'll all join in a circle, We'll all join in a circle, We'll all join in a circle, And sing a song or two.



... clap hands together

... dance together

We'll all sit down together, We'll all sit down together, We'll all be quiet together, Now our singing is through.

> ويل اوال جوائن إن أُسرْقُل أن مِنْك أ موافك اوار ثوًـ ويل اوال بي أوائث ث كيرز ناوَ آوَرٍ إِسْكُلْنَكَ إِز ْتَحْرُوْ۔



... turn round together



... sit down together



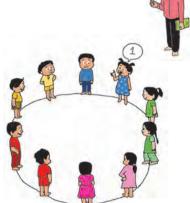
... be quiet together

بچوں کے گروپ بنا کریا جماعت کے تمام بچوں کو دائر ہے میں کھڑا کر کے اس نظم کو لئے کے ساتھ کہلوائیں۔ پہلے بند میں دیے گئے 'join in a circle' کی بجائے تصویر وں میں دِکھائے گئے یا دیگر متبادل استعال کریں۔مختلف 'actions' کے الگ الگ بند کہلوانے کے ابعد آخری بندگانے کے لیے کہیں۔

Circles

🔊 1. Listen carefully and act.

غور سے سنیے اور اس کے مطابق عمل کیجیے۔



Teacher:

Form groups of ten.

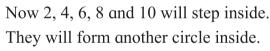
Each group should stand in a circle.
One child in the circle will say, 'One'.
The second child will say, 'Two'.
The third child will say, 'Three'.
Continue like this up to the tenth child, who will say, 'Ten'.

Now say the numbers faster and faster.

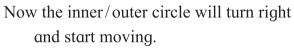


مثق اس طرح کروائیں کہ طلبہ 1 سے 10 کی طرح ہی 100 تک کے کوئی بھی دس ہندسے انگریزی میں ترتیب وار اور جلدی جلدی کہت سیس۔





The two circles will stand facing each other. Children facing each other will shake hands.



Walk on till you come to the next child and shake hands with him or her.

Then walk on and shake hands with the next child.

Stop when you come back to your first partner.

Give each other a high-five.





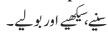




ایک مرتبہ اندر کے اور ایک مرتبہ باہر کے دائرے کے بیچ گؤم کر ایک کے بعد ایک نئی جوڑی بنا کر دوبارہ پہلے ساتھی کے پاس آئیں۔ اس وقت تک مثق کرواتے رہیں جب تک کہ تمام مرطع بغیر کسی غلطی کے تمام بچے آسانی ہے کرنہ لیں۔



2. Listen, learn and speak.





Teacher: Now we will use these two circles to practise English dialogues, in five different pairs. Ready?

Dialogue 1

A: Hello.

B: Hello.

A: How are you?

B: I'm fine. Thank you. How are you?

A: Fine. Thanks.

Dialogue 3

A: Where do you live?

B: I live in Ambajogai.

A: Where in Ambajogai?

B : Near Yogeshwari temple .

Behind the Tehsil office /

in Guruwar Peth /

on Mandi Bazar Road

Dialogue 2

A: What's your name?

B : Ravi . Tell me your name, please.

A: Chandrashekhar. You can call me Chandu.

Dialogue 4

A: Bye, bye.
Have a nice day.

B: Bye. See you.

Have a nice day

بچے دودائروں میں آمنے سامنے کھڑے ہوکر پورا مکالمہ کہیں۔ پھرایک دائرے کے بچے اگلے ساتھی کے پاس جائیں اور دوبارہ اسی مکالمے کی مثق کریں۔ پورا دائرہ گھؤمنے تک اسی طرح کرتے رہیں۔ نیلے چوکون میں دیے ہوئے الفاظ کی بجائے بچے اپنے بارے میں معلومات دیں۔











Words from Letters

F



G

Η

I

1. Read aloud the names of the letters on the cards.

کارڈ پردیے ہوئے انگریزی حروف کے نام بلند آواز سے پڑھیے۔



2. Say the names of the letters 'a' to 'z' in alphabetical order. \mathbf{C} B A D E

J



3. Form pairs. Say 'a-z' in pairs, in different ways.

*a - b, c - d, e - f,g - h, i - j, k - l,

* ab - cd, ef - gh, ij - kl, mn - op,

*a - 1, b - 2, c - 3,d - 4, e - 5,

* a - z, b - y,c - x, ..., m - n.

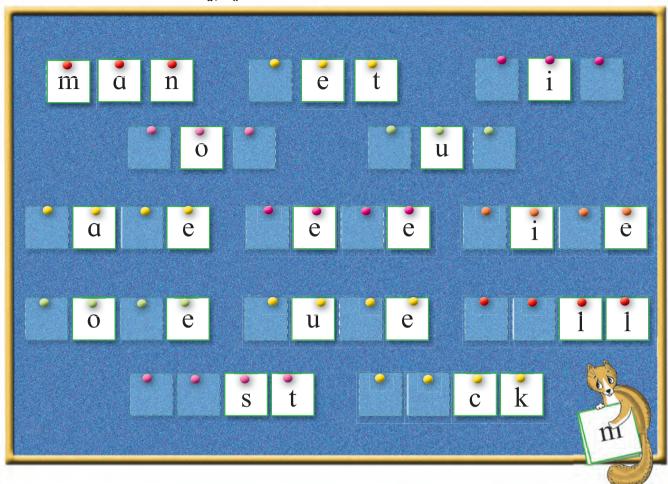






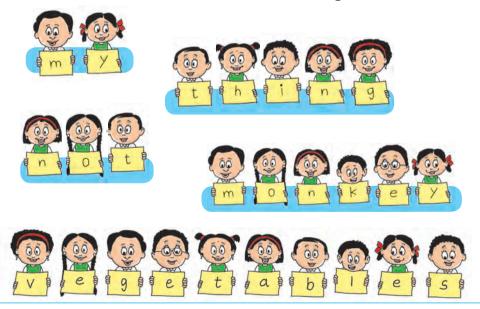
4. Use the letter cards to form words.

حرؤف کے کارڈ جوڑ کرلفظ تیار کیجے۔



5. Form groups. Try to make the longest word you can.

Present the word in the classroom, holding the cards in the correct order.



جماعت کے ہر بچے کو ایک کارڈ دیں۔ بچے آپس میں ایک دوسرے سے پوچھ کر جلد سے جلد لفظ تیار کرلیں۔ پھر اس کے مطابق گروہ میں کھڑے ہونے کا کھیل کھلائیں۔

> بچوں کے گروپ بنا کر انھیں خاصی تعداد میں کارڈ کے سیٹ دیں اور گروپ میں لفظ جوڑنے کا تھیل کھلائیں۔ بڑا سے بڑا لفظ تیار کرنے کی ترغیب دیں۔

6. Write down your name. Then write a word beginning with each letter in your name.

UNIT 1

5



GARDEN OF WORDS



a	easily	many	said	time
and	five	more	shall	to
at	gave	not	she	too
began	hand	now	smile	took
but	her	of	smiled	two
came	I	one	some	wanted
come	in	only	take	was
could	it	out	ten	what
cry	liked	put	the	will
do	looked	quickly	there	would



1. Listen carefully and tick off the words in your chart.

* and * but * one * five * ten * will * liked

* do * cry * put * took * it * there now

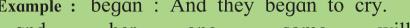
2. Find all the three-letter words and copy them in your notebook.







Example: began: And they began to cry.







درج بالا جدول کے ہرلفظ کے لیے 8 × 4 cm یا کسی دوسری سائز کے دبیز کاغذ کا کارڈ ہر بیچے سے بنوائیں۔کارڈ بچوں کے پاس ہی رہنے دیں۔انگریزی پیریڈ کے علاوہ بھی وقباً فوقباً اِن کارڈوں کے ذریعے گروپ میں یا انفرادی طور پر کئی آسان کھیل کھلائے جاسکتے ہیں۔ ہر بچے کواچھی طرخ سے خود کے لکھے ہوئے لفظ بار باراور الگ الگ حوالوں ہے استعمال کرنے کا موقع ملنا ہم ہے۔ کارڈ کے لفظ حیار کیبروں میں کھھنا ضروری نہیں ہے۔

• جدول اور کارڈ کے الفاظ بچوں سے پڑھوائیں۔ 1. استاد کتاب میں دی ہوئی ترتیب کی بجائے دھیرے دھیرے ایک ایک لفظ کھے۔ بیچا پنی کتاب/کارڈ میں وہ لفظ تلاش كريں۔ 2. اسمشق كا مقصد نيه ہے كہ بچوں نے جوالفاظ زبانى سيھے ہيں لكھنے ورا صنے ميں انھيں مناسب موقع پر استعال كرسكين - لفظ س كريا كار ڈپر ك لفظ دیکھے کر بیچے کسی بھی نظم کا وہ مصرع کہیں جس مصرع میں وہ لفظ ہو تو کوئی حرج نہیں۔ (اس مقصد کے حصول کے لیے استاد کا جماعت سوم تک کی تمام نظمین جاننا ضروری ہے۔) بچوں کے گروپ/ جوڑیاں بنا کر بعد میں بھی اس مشق کا باقاعد گی ہے استعمال کرتے رہیں۔





2001 1. Listen carefully and read with me.





Priya liked sweets. Her Granny had a jar full of sweets.



She gave Priya one sweet at a time. But Priya wanted more. Many, many more.





She quickly put her hand in the jar of sweets. She took one, two, five, ten, many.

But her hand was stuck in the jar.

She could not take it out.

She began to cry.

"Oh, what shall I do?"

"Let go of the sweets," said her Granny.





Priya let go of some sweets. Still, her hand would not come out. She let go of some more sweets. Now there was only one in her hand. Her hand came out of the jar easily.

She began to smile, and looked at her Granny. Granny smiled too. Priya said, "Now I will take only one at a time!"





2. Listen and read aloud.



- * Oh, what shall I do?
- * What shall I take?
- * What shall I say?

بچوں کو مختلف حرکات و سکنات کے ساتھ ہر جملہ ادا کرنے کا موقع دیں۔ مزید حچھوٹے، آ سان جملے استعال کر کے بھی مثق کروائیں۔ایسے جملوں کا انتخاب کریں جن کی پیش کش سے معنویت کا اظہار ہو۔



Present each sentence to show all these emotions.





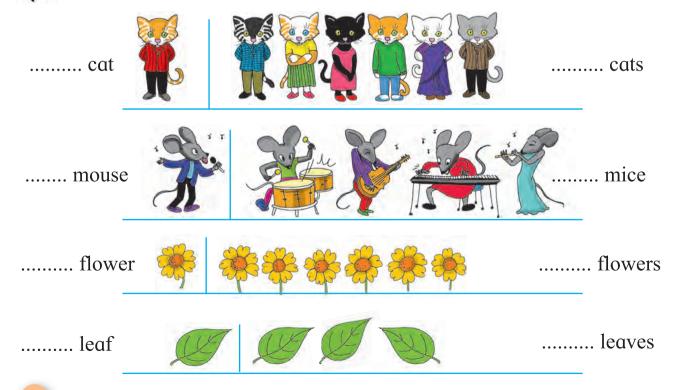
3. Read aloud and remember. Copy the sentences in your notebook.



- * I will eat all vegetables. * I will not waste water.
- * I will help my friends.
 * I will take care of my things.



4. Look at the pictures. Read the words and write 'one' or 'many'.

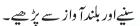


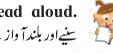
WNIT 1

Four **Things** about me



1. Listen and read aloud.

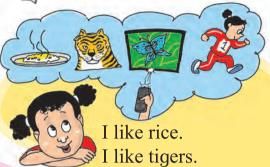








I am Sakshi. I am nine years old. I am 130 centimetres tall. I am in Standard Four.



I like channel.

I like running.

I have a red pen, two blue pencils, an orange sharpener and a white eraser.



I can draw a hut. I can read a few English words. I can sing a song. I can swim.

Every day, I brush my teeth, take a bath, read for some time and play for some time.





2. Now use the following frames to tell us about yourself.

W IN	-4	ی کر کےاب اپنے بارے میں بولے	دیے ہوئے تمونے استعال
I am	I like	I have	I can
·····	\/	/	
		/	









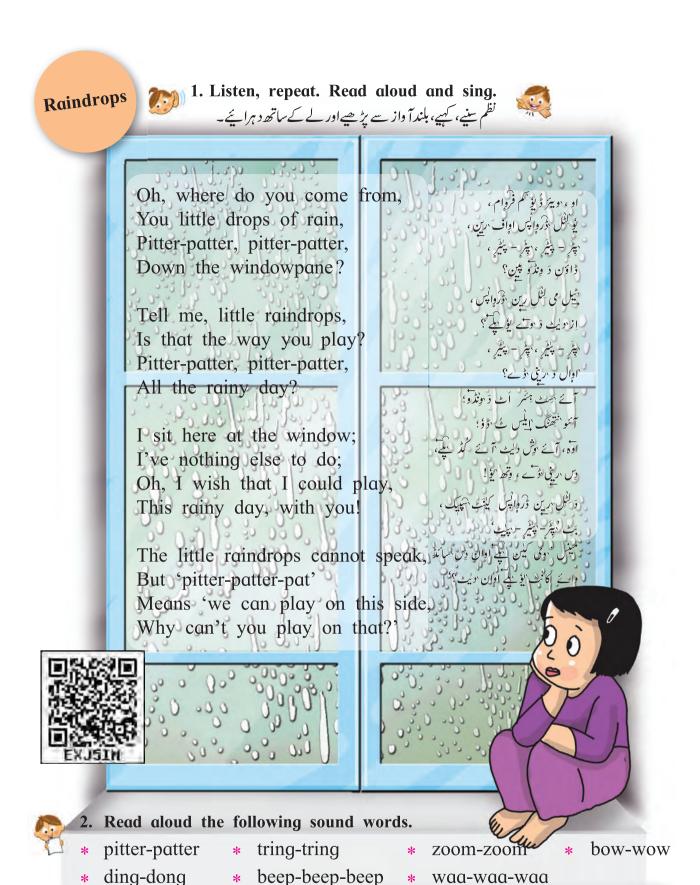
	I can
	• • • • • • • • •
1	• • • • • • • • •



E	\mathbf{v}	eı	У	Ć	lo	ιy	,
I	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	••	







• What other words come to your mind on reading each word ? Write them down.

Example: pitter-patter - rain, raindrops, water, small, fall, cool, etc.

Guessing Game



(1) Listen carefully. Read the sentences in 'B' with me and play this game.



غورے سنے۔ 'B' میں دیے ہوئے جملے میرے ساتھ دہرائے اوراس کھیل کو کھلیے۔

تصویر پیچانتے وقت بچ 'B' میں دیے ہوئے جملول کی بجائے دیگر سوالات بھی یو چھ سکتے ہیں۔ Is it white?

Does it quack? etc.

Teacher: Form pairs.

Now, choose any picture from Table A.

Write the English word for it on a small piece of paper and fold it. Let your friend guess the word with the help of the sentences in B. When he/she guesses correctly, show the word.

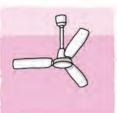


























B

It is white. It quacks.

It grows on a tree.

It shines in the sky. It is hot.

She gives us milk.

It rhymes with 'pup'. It is green. It flies.

They are small. They bite. It has four legs and a top.

They fly in the sky. It has a trunk and two big ears.

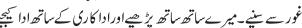
We cut vegetables with it.

It has three blades.

In the Park



Listen carefully, read with me and enact. غورسے سننے ۔ میرے ساتھ ساتھ پڑھیے اور ادا کاری کے ساتھ ادا کیجے ۔





Ishan: Come on, little friends!

It's time to go back home.

Come here – and let me count.

There should be nine children in all.

(Counts) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8.





Where's the ninth child? Let me see again. Isha-Nisha, Babali-Papali, Ricky-Vicky, Gotu-Chhotu – Then who is missing? Oh, I'm so worried! (A lady passes by.)

Aunty, please help us.

Please count and tell us how many we are.

Aunty: (Counts) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Nine. You are nine in all.

Ishan: Oh! Thank you, thank you so much.

So, the naughty child has come back.

Good. Let me count again.

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!

What! Eight again!

Someone is missing again.

(The other children start giggling. A man passes by.)

Uncle, please help us.

Please count and tell us how many we are.

Uncle: (*Counts*) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9. I see nine children in all.

Ishan: (Sighs.) That's all right then.

Come on, Isha-Nisha, Babali-Papali,
Gotu-Chhotu, Ricky-Vicky.

1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8!

What! This is too much!

The ninth child is missing again!

What a naughty child!

(The other children start giggling.)

Oh, no! What shall I do?
I am the oldest. Everyone will scold me.
And I don't even know who is missing.
(Didi walks in.)

Didi : Hello, everybody!

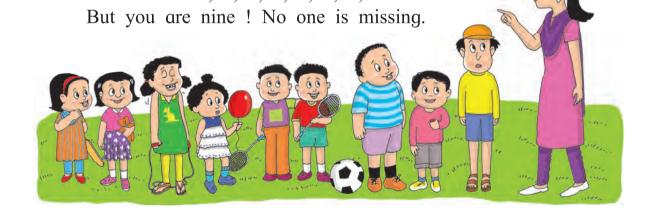
Coming back home? Let's go together.

Didi

Ishan: Didi, Didi, there's a problem. One of us is missing.

First we were nine. Now we are only eight.

Let me see. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9!



Ishan: So, that naughty child has come back again! When I count, this naughty child runs away. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8! See!

Didi : Yes! I see.

And I also see one more child who forgets to count himself!

Ishan: Oh, no! (Laughs.)
How silly of me! (Everyone laughs.)







Listen, read and speak.

سني، پره ڪياور بوليے۔



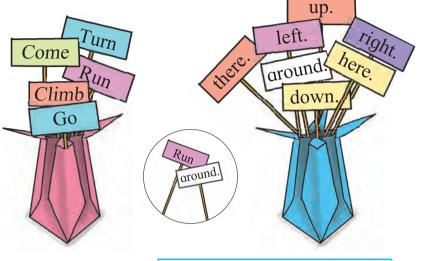
Teacher:

Form pairs.

Select one word from each basket at a time and make meaningful sentences.

Then present at least ten sentences.

For example, 'Run around.'



بچوں کی جوڑیاں بنا کرلفظی کارڈ کی مدد سے اس کھیل کو کھلائیں۔

Teacher:

Form groups of four. Choose one word from each tower and make meaningful sentences.

Write the words on big sheets of paper and show your sentences to the class.

Ι We

You

He She

It

They

found

saw

got

ate

took

gave

 \mathfrak{a} an

some

a few

many

pencil.

pencils.

orange.

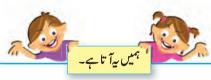
oranges.

tiger.

tigers.







- انگریزی کی آسان زبانی ہدائیت سمجھ سکتے ہیں۔

 اس سے پہلے سکتے ہوئے انگریزی جملے نظموں کے مصرعے یا دواشت کے سہارے

 اس اس سے پہلے سکتے ہیں۔

 اس ساستے ہیں۔

 اس سے ہیں۔

 اس ساستے ہیں۔

 اس سا

- انگریزی کے کچھ چھوٹے الفاظ دیکھ کراورا بے طور پر بھی لکھ سکتے ہیں۔ 🔲 🕒 تھوڑی بہت مثق کے بعدانگریزی ڈرامے میں حصہ لے سکتے ہیں۔ 🔲

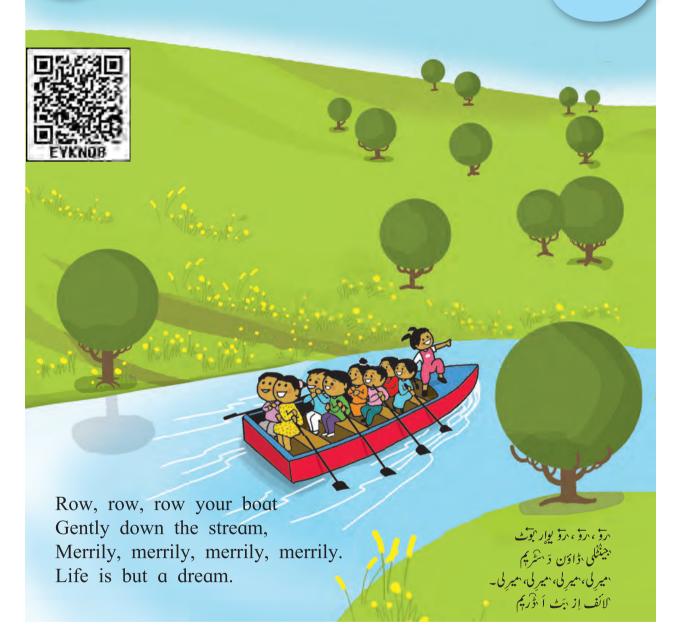
Row vour boat.



1. Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing. الله عنی، دہرائے۔ بلندآ واز سے پڑھیےاور کے کے ساتھ کہیے۔



Unit Two





2. Tell other words that rhyme with the following words.

ینچ دیے ہوئے الفاظ سے ہم آ ہنگ الفاظ بولیے۔

* boat * row

* down

* stream

* life

* but

بیانگریزی کی ایک مشہؤرنظم ہے۔ جماعت کو چارگروپ میں تقسیم کریں۔اوّلاً صرف پہلا گروپ نظم پڑھنا شروع کرے۔ جیسے ہی بیگروپ نظم کا پہلامصرعہ کیے، دوسرا گروپ نظم شروع کردے۔ جیسے ہی تیسرا گروپ پہلامصرعہ کیے، چوتھا گروپ نظم شروع کردے۔ اس طرح جب پہلے گروپ کا پوری نظم پڑھوا کردوک دیں۔ جب پہلے گروپ کا پوری نظم پڑھنا ہوجائے تو پہلے گروپ کو پڑھنے سے روک دیں۔اس طرح آخری گروپ تک ترتیب وانظم پڑھوا کرروک دیں۔



GARDEN OF WORDS



am	feeling	long	red	tree
another	fresh	lovely	run	under
are	full	mango	see	us
ate	good	nap	sleepy	vegetable
behind	have	once	slept	very
carrot	he	patch	slow	walked
did	I'11	race	slowly	white
didn't	leafy	radish	so	wins
eat	let	ran	stop	woke
fast	little	reached	then	you



1. Listen carefully and tick off the words.

* ate * did * eat * full * good * let

* nap * run * stop * tree * very * white * wins

2. Find

2. Find these words and copy them down.





* Words that have 'double' letters. * Words that have the 'ك' sound.

* Words that have g an le ed sl.

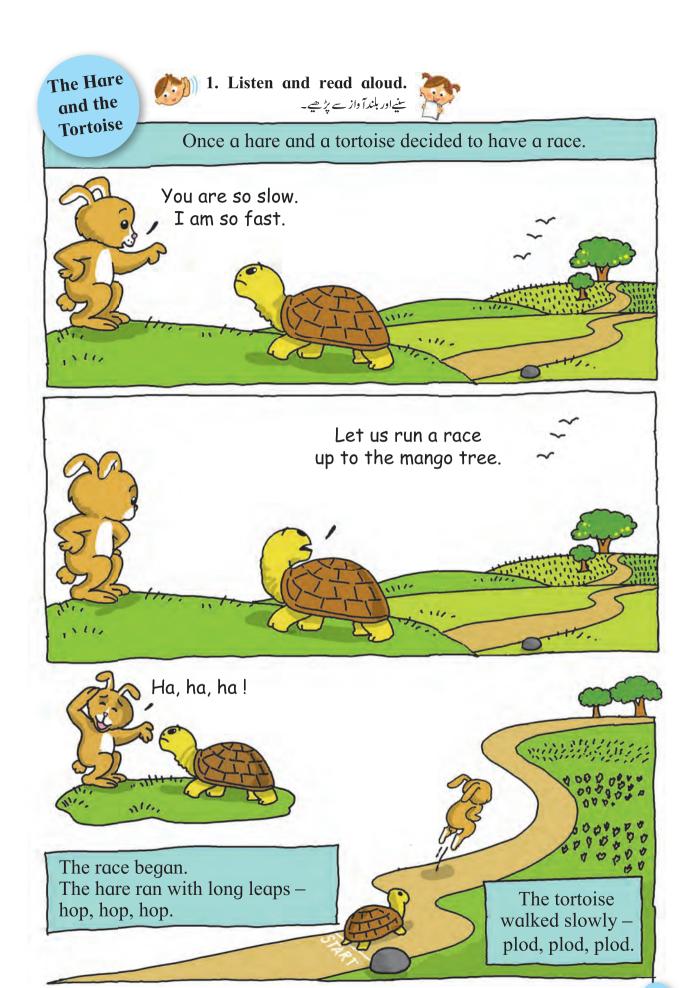


3. Select one word at a time. Look at the word carefully. Then close your eyes and think of the word. Write down the word. Look at it again. Is it right? Look it up in the textbook.

Learn five words at a time in this way.

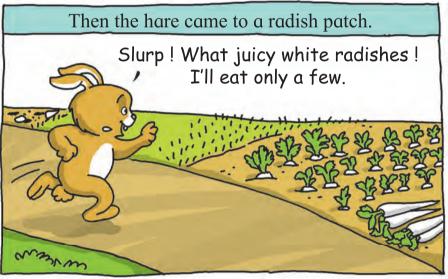
درج بالا جدول کے ہرلفظ کے لیے 4 cm × 8 یاکسی دوسری سائز کے دبیز کاغذ کا کارڈ ہر بچے سے بنوائیں۔کارڈ بچوں کے پاس ہی رہنے دیں۔بہتر ہوگا کہ اُن لفظوں پر منحصریہاں دی ہوئی سرگرمی ایسے کارڈوں کے ذریعے کرائیں۔ جماعت میں تدریس کے علاوہ دیگراوقات میں بھی بچوں کوگروپ میں/ انفرادی طور پراس سرگرمی کوکرنے کی ترغیب دیں۔

* long





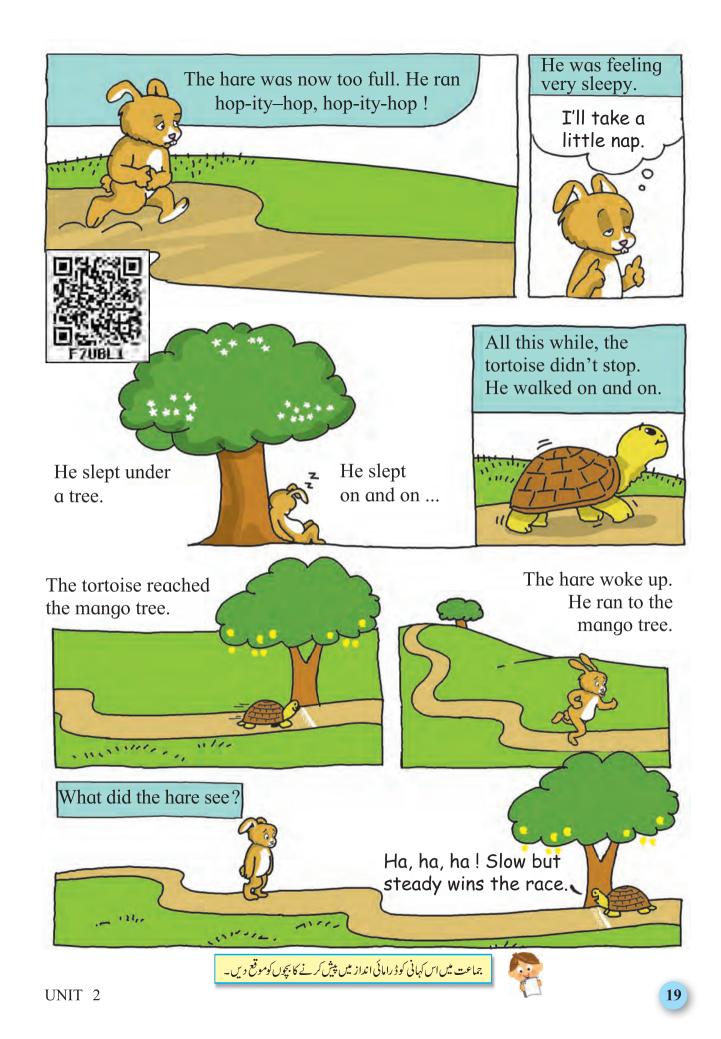








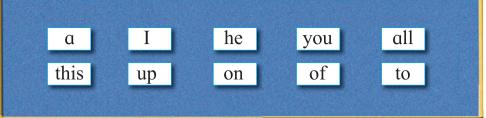






2. Read the following words aloud and copy them in your notebook.







- 3. Read aloud the following phrases.
 - * a few * quite a few * long leaps
 - * on and on * all this while * slow but steady
 - Find these phrases on pages 17 to 19.

Categories



Find words to complete the following chart and write them in the proper place.

Categories First Letter	Something we Eat or Drink	An Animal	A Thing	An Action	
а					
b				回常的	
С					3
p				and the second	ŝ
t				FB47MM	(
m					
W	watermelon	wolf	watch	wipe	



Categories

Make a categories chart and try to fill all the columns for all the letters from 'a' to 'z'. List the categories and letters for which you do not find any words. Try to find the words with help of your friends and earlier textbooks.

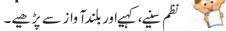
او پر کی جدول کی طرز پر 'categories ' کی جدول بنا کر 'a' نے 's' تک تمام حروف کے لیے الفاظ تلاش کیجیے۔ جن 'categories اور حروف کے لیے لفظ ندل سکے ان کی فہرست بنائے۔ دوستوں سہیلیوں سے بات چیت کرکے یا اوّل تا سوم جماعت کی دری کمابوں میں وہ لفظ تلاش کیجیے۔



To the Market



Listen, repeat and read aloud.





Child 1: I went to the market.

Do you know what I bought? Some red shiny apples!

That's what I got.

A string of white flowers



Child 2: I went to the market.

Do you know what I bought? Some red shiny apples! A big loaf of bread! That's what I got.





Child 3: I went to the market. Do you know what I bought? Some red shiny apples! A big loaf of bread! A pack of colour pencils! That's what I got.

A big jar of honey





Child 4:





A pack of liquid soap



Some juicy ripe mangoes



A pair of blue bangles



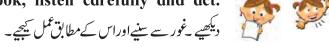


Look at the pictures and words. Use them to add more lines to the poem. You may also make up more lines on your own.





1. Look, listen carefully and act.







Teacher: Now I am going to read aloud a paragraph from your book.

Look at it carefully. It has some pictures and numbers.

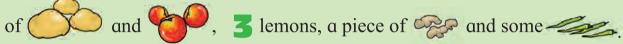
I'll read the words and stop at the pictures and numbers.

You have to say the words for them at the right time.

This is how we will read together. Ready?



Munnu's mother told her to go to the market. "I need half a kilo each









Take this and this or rupee note. Be careful and come back

before 5."





Munnu brought the , the , 4 lemons, and some



"I did not get any ," Munnu said. "Never mind!" said her mother.

Munnu's Uncle gave her a packet of

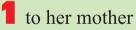


. Munnu 🦟 the

packet open. There were 12 biscuits in the wind. Munnu gave



2 of them to her Uncle, 1 to her mother and 1 to her father. She ate





herself. Then she gave her and her one biscuit each. Then how





many biscuits were left? Answer:





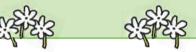
22

C

Munnu saw some strings of strings in the market. She brought

- strings and counted the strings in each. There were 40 flowers in
- **7** strings, **44** flowers in **2** strings and **36** in the last string. 'There are
- **400** flowers in all,' she said. Is she right?





- C: flowers, ten, flowers, forty, seven, forty-four, two, thirty-six, four hundred.
- B: biscuits, cut, twelve, packet, two, one, one, two biscuits, cat, dog, tour biscuits.
- A: potatoes, tomatoes, three, ginger, chillies, bag, hundred, five, potatoes, tomatoes, four, chillies, ginger.

Answers

2. Make a list of as many things as you can using the table below.

ینچ کی جدول کی مدد سے زیادہ سے زیادہ چیزوں کی فہرست بنائے۔

α
two
five

of

candles	salt
books	flowers
grapes	butter
pencils	flour
oil	cloth
milk	ribbon
sugar	rice

3. Make a shopping list that has 10 things in it.



Listen carefully and practise the dialogues with proper actions.



غورسے سنیے اور مناسب حرکات وسکنات کے ساتھ مکا لمے ادا کرنے کی مثق سیجیے۔

Complaints and Compliments

1.

A: Hello.
Your handwriting is so neat and tidy.
It really looks nice!

B: Thanks.

2.

A: Did you laugh at me?

B: No, I didn't.

A: Yes, you did.

B: Please believe me, I didn't.

3.

A: Hi! Would you like to look at my picture?

B: Oh, yes! I'd love to.

A: Here.

B: Wow!
This is beautiful.

4.

A: You pushed me.

B: So?

A: Please don't do it.
It hurts.

B: I'm sorry.



A: You sing so well.
Please sing a song.

5.

B: Well, thanks.
But not now.
Some other time.



صفحہ 2 اور 3 کی طرح ہدایت دے کر دو دائرے بنا کر مکالمے ادا کرنے کی مشق کرائیں۔ دیگرمواقع پر بھی مکالمے کے انگریزی جملے استعال کرنے کی ترغیب دیں۔







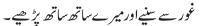








🦍 1. Listen carefully and read with me.





All body parts stand together holding hands.

In the morning,
In the evening,
We are always at work.

During the day,
And even at night,
We are always at work.

Mouth : Hands, come forward and tell us what you do.

Hands: We lift, we hold, we carry.

We give and we take.

We pull, we push, we put,

A hundred things we make.

We two are a clever pair.

There's nothing that we can't do.

Mouth : Feet, come forward and tell us what you do.

Feet: We walk, we run, we tap, we dance, We skip and jump and hop.

We step forward, we turn about, And just in time, we stop.

Mouth : Eyes, Ears, Nose, what about you?







Eyes: We open, we close, we read, we blink,

We see things far and near.

Ears: And be it loud, be it soft,

Every sound we hear.

Nose: I breathe day and night.

I can never rest.

I have to smell every smell,

Good or bad or best.

And what about you, Mouth?

Mouth: Oh, you know, I open and shut

and smile.

I speak. I eat. I drink.

I sip. I slurp. I chew and bite. But do I get any of the food?

No! It all goes to this lazy Belly.

Is it right?

The belly doesn't do any work.

All: That's right.

The belly doesn't do any work.

Belly: That's not right. That's wrong.

I do a lot of work.

But it goes on inside me.

You can't see it. But I do work.

Eves: Why can't we see it?

It's because you don't do any work.

Hands: The only work you do is to grab

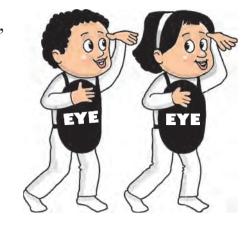
all good food.

Feet: You don't move a step.

Why should we work to give you food?

All: We won't work for you.

You won't get any food now.









Belly: Don't do that.

I work for all of us. We will all suffer

If you don't give me food.

All : Don't try to deceive.

Nothing you will receive.



Three hours later -

Belly: Please get some food.

I'm all ready to start my work.

Others: No means no!

We are all going to relax – just like you!

Belly: Please listen to me.

You must give me food. I digest it for all of us.

Others: Sorry! Don't try to deceive.

Nothing you will receive.

Two days later -

Belly: How are you, my friends?

Mouth: Oh, I feel so dry.

Hands

and Feet: We feel so weak.

Eyes : We can't see properly.

Ears

and Nose: We feel so tired.

All : What's the matter?

What's wrong with all of us?





Enter Brain.

Brain: You silly fellows!

Now you have no energy. What gives you energy?

Food.

Who works on food to give you energy?

Think!

All : Could it be ? Is it the Belly?

Brain: Yes, of course!

Belly digests food and sends energy

to all of you.

Do you understand it now?

All : Yes, yes! Now we know.

This Belly does a lot of work. Though he does not show it off.

He does important work.



Work, work, work!
In the morning,
In the evening,
We are always at work!



2. Enact the play.



-		
A		۵,
d	1	1
-	1	1
	N.	1

3. [Read	the	follo	wing	words.	From	the	lesson,	find	rhyr	ning	words	for	each	. •
-------------	------	-----	-------	------	--------	------	-----	---------	------	------	------	-------	-----	------	-----

* take: * hop: * you:

* near: * rest: * bite:

* deceive :

		N.
1	7	4
Eb	b	
0		

4. List the names of all the body parts in this play.

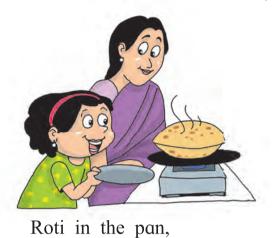
Fresh Food



Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing. نظم سنیے اور کہیے۔ بلندآ واز سے پڑھیے اور کے کے ساتھ بولیے۔







،روٹی اِن دَربیٰن، ‹روٹی اِن دَربیٰن، 'رُفِی 'رَفِی، 'لُواس 'لُواس ‹روٹی اِن دَربیٰن۔

دویکی اِن وَ 'پلین، 'ویکی اِن وَ 'پلین، 'فرائے 'ڈرائے ،'فرائے 'ڈرائے، ویکی اِن دَ مپاین،

Veggie in the pan, Veggie in the pan. Fry dry, fry dry, Veggie in the pan.

Roti in the pan.

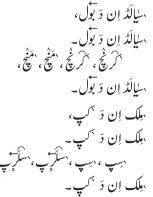
Roti in the pan.

Salad in the bowl, Salad in the bowl.

Crunch, crunch, munch, munch, Salad in the bowl.

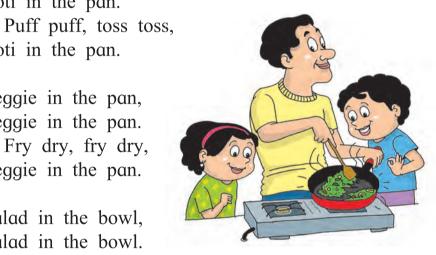
Milk in the cup, Milk in the cup. Sip, sip, slurp, slurp, Milk in the cup.





نظم میں دیے ہوئے الفاظ استعال کرکے دیگر غذائی چیزوں پرشتمل ایک دو بند کہنے کی بچوں کوتر غیب دیں۔

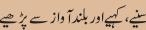




In a Biscuit Factory



Listen, repeat and read aloud. المسلم reuu aloud. المسلم الم





A biscuit is so crisp and tasty.

We all love biscuits.

We get different types of biscuits in shops.

They come in colourful packets.

They are made in a factory.

But how are biscuits made in a factory?

Let's find out.

بسکٹ بنانے کے مراحل ظاہر کرنے والے جملے تختہ سیاہ پر ترتیب سے کھیں۔اس کے بعد دیکھیں کہ بچ ان میں سے ایک ایک جملہ کتاب میں تلاش کریاتے ہیں یانہیں۔



Knead

the

dough.

Get a recipe.

Get the ingredients - things that go in a biscuit.

Decide how much of each to use weigh each

ingredient.

Mix the things and make a dough.



dough: وُرُو

30



UNIT 2 31

Let's talk.



🎮 Listen carefully and speak.

غور سے سنے اور کہیے۔

Guess what I have in my hand. A

A tamarind seed. B

How did you guess? \mathbf{A}

That's a secret! B

Now guess what I found.

Is it something to eat?

R No.

Is it something to read? A

B No.

Is it something to write with? A

B No.

Is it something to play with? A

: Not really. B

I give up. You tell me. A

It's a feather. I found it under the banyan tree. B





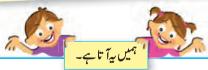
Collecting English Words

Try to get at least one of the following items (with English matter on them). Paste each item in your notebook and below it, write what it is. If necessary, cut out each item in a flat, tidy shape before you paste it.

* match box or biscuit wrappers * boxes and price tags * tickets, passes, etc. * stickers * bank slips * forms, applications * user manuals/pamphlets, advertisements from newspapers, magazines, etc.

اوپردی ہوئی آیسی چیزیں جمع کیجیے (کم از کم ایک) جن پرانگریزی عبارت ہو۔حسبِضرورت انھیں مسطح اور مناسب شکل میں کاٹ لیجے اور اپنی بیاض میں چیاں بیجیے۔اس کے پنچے چیاں کی ہوئی چیز کے بارے میں کھیے۔





ہدایت کے مطابق جانے بیجانے انگریزی الفاظ یادداشت کے سہارے لکھ سکتے مد	•	

ہامعنی انگریزی الفاظ کے گروپ بناسکتے ہیں۔

ان میں سے چند جملے اُس کے ان میں سے چند جملے اُس کے بیار۔ ان میں سے چند جملے جماعت کے باہر بھی مناسب وقت پر استعال کر سکتے ہیں۔ 🔲 بناسکتے ہیں۔

• مربوط انگریزی (جملے) من کرار پڑھ کریہلے کیا اور بعد میں کیا بتا سکتے ہیں۔

- مختلف انداز میں نظمیں کہہ سکتے ہیں۔
- اسی کے میں مزیدایک دو بند کھے سکتے ہیں۔

آ سان انگریزی الفاظ بیجان سکتے ہیں۔ اللہ باند آ واز سے اور خاموش خواندگی کر سکتے ہیں۔ اللہ دیکھ کر لکھ سکتے ہیں۔ ا

- یے کچھ نئے الفاظ کے اسپیلنگ دیکھ کران کا تلفظ ادا کر سکتے ہیں۔
 - بيك ونت معنى بمجھتے ہوئے ۲-۳ الفاظ پڑھ سکتے ہیں۔
- را صنے کے دوران سیاق وسباق سے آگے کا لفظ پہیان سکتے ہیں۔



Time Poems

Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing. نظم سنیے، کہیے۔ بلندآ واز سے پڑھیےاور لے کے ساتھ گائے۔



Unit Three





The Day

Twelve good hours in every day, Time for work and time for play, Twenty-four for day and night, Some for darkness, some for light.



The Months

Thirty days has September, April, June and November: All the rest have thirty-one Except February alone. That has twenty-eight days clear And twenty-nine in each leap year.



Old Man Moon

The moon is very very old the reason why is clear He gets a birthday one a month Instead of once a year.







GARDEN OF WORDS



about	creatures	goose	piece	them
all	cunning	head	place	they
be	don't	heard	right	told
beware	duck	help	running	went
big	falling	hen	safe	when
called	fell	here	saying	why
caught	fellow	his	shout	with
cave	foolish	inside	sky	without
chicken	fox	met	started	word
cock	friends	my	their	worry



1. Find the following words in the table. Think of other words you know that rhyme with the following words. Write down the rhyming words.

* all * met * cock

2. Find and copy the names of birds and animals.



3. Complete the following sentences using the words given above. Try to make as many meaningful sentences as you can.

* They met a * Why are you?

4. Choose any one of the words given in the table. Show its meaning with an action and ask your friend to guess the word.

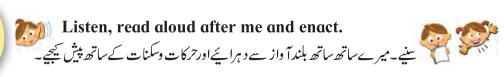


Find the words that have : ou

Select one word at a time. Look at the word carefully. Close your eyes and think of the word. Then write it down. Look at it again. Look it up in the textbook. Learn five words at a time in this way.

درج بالا جدول کے ہرلفظ کے لیے a × 4 cm یاکسی دوسری سائز کے دبیز کاغذ کا کارڈ ہر بچے سے بنوائیں۔کارڈ بچوں کے پاس ہی رہنے دیں۔بہتر ہوگا کہ اُن لفظوں پر منحصر یہاں دی گئی سرگرمی ایسے کارڈوں کے ذریعے کرائیں۔ جماعت میں تدریس کے علاوہ دیگراوقات میں بھی بچوں کوگروپ میں/ انفرادی طور پراس سرگرمی کوکرنے

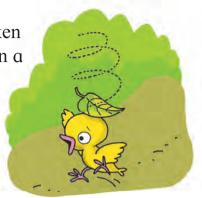




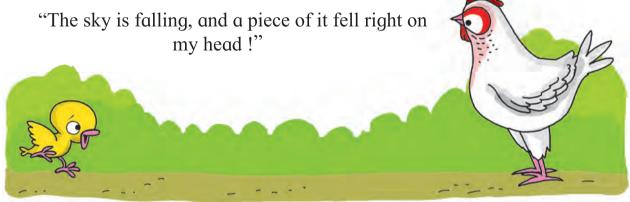
Once there was a dear little chicken called Chicken Licken. She was hopping about under a big tree when a leaf fell right on her head!

> "Oh, no! Oh, no! The sky is falling!" said Chicken Licken and she started to run.

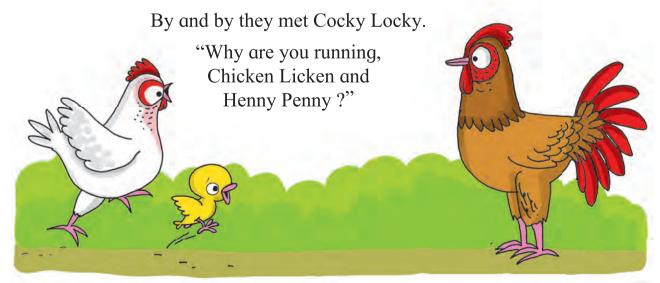
> > By and by she met Henny Penny.



"Why are you running, Chicken Licken?" my head!"



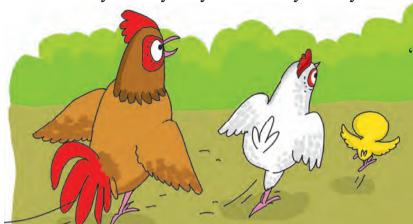
"Oooooo!" said Henny Penny and she, too, began to run with Chicken Licken.





"Oh dear, oh dear!" said Cocky Locky and he, too, began to run with them.

By and by they met Ducky Lucky.



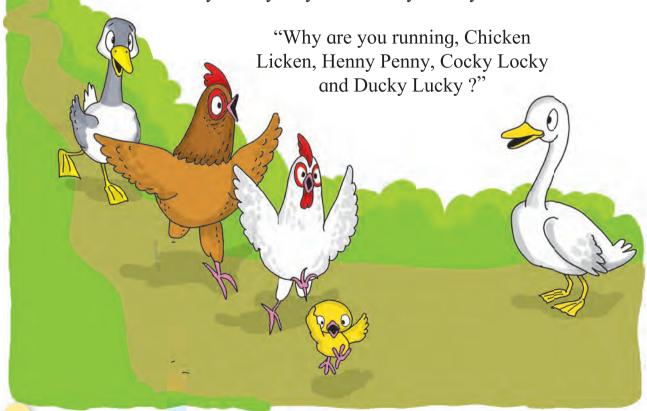
"Why are you running, Chicken Licken, Henny Penny and Cocky Locky?"

"The sky is falling! A piece of it fell right on Chicken Licken's head!"

"Dear me! Dear me!" said Ducky Lucky and she, too, began to run with them.

By and by they met Goosey Poosey.





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"The sky is falling! A piece of it fell right on Chicken Licken's head!"

When Goosey Poosey heard this, she began to run with them without saying a word.

By and by they met Foxy Loxy.

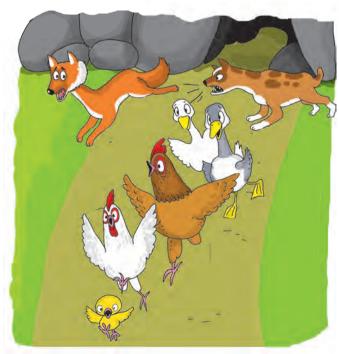
"Why are you running, Chicken Licken, Henny Penny, Cocky Locky, Ducky Lucky and Goosey Poosey?"

"The sky is falling! A piece of it fell right on Chicken Licken's head!"

Now, Foxy Loxy was a cunning fellow.

"Don't worry," he said. "I will take you all to a safe place."

He took them all to his cave. "Go inside my cave and you will all be safe." He told them. So in went Chicken Licken, Henny Penny, Cocky Locky, Ducky Lucky and Goosey Poosey.





"Ha, ha, ha!" Foxy Loxy said,
"You foolish creatures! I have
caught you all."
"Help! help!" Chicken Licken and
her friends began to shout.

Doggie Dear heard their shouts.

He ran to the cave.

"Beware, Foxy Loxy," he shouted,

"Here I come!"

And then? Then Foxy Loxy began

to run without saying a word.

He ran far away.

* * *

UNIT 3 37



Look at the pictures, listen carefully and number the sentences properly. Recipe تصویرین دیکھیے ۔غور سے سنیےاور جملوں کومناسب ترتیب دیجیے۔ Bunty makes 'Pohe'! Takes a bowl of 'pohe'. Heats some oil in a pan. Washes them well. Covers the pan with a lid. Sifts them. Peels an onion. Puts mustard seeds, 'hing' and turmeric powder in the oil. Cuts the onion and the chilli into small pieces. Adds the onion and chilli pieces, a few peanuts and curry leaves to the oil and stirs well. After 1-2 minutes, takes off the lid. A tasty bowl of 'Pohe' is ready! Serves 'Pohe' with a slice of lemon. After 1-2 minutes, adds the wet 'pohe',



a little salt and sugar and stirs well.







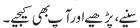








1. Listen, read and do it yourself.





Something Special

What does every classroom have?

A board, a table, a chair, one or two cupboards, desks and benches or mats, charts, posters, calendars and so on.

We have something special in our classroom.



It is a postbox, just for us. We write messages, cards and letters to our friends in the class.

Then we put them in the postbox.

Every day, our teacher opens the postbox.

She looks at the names on the letters and cards and hands them out.

We are planning a surprise for our Teacher. She will get it on the fifth of September,

Teachers' Day!





یہاں اوراسی طرح کتاب میں دیگر جگہوں پر دیے ہوئے کارڈ/ رقعوں کے نمونے بچوں کو دِکھا کران سے بات چیت کریں۔ان کی مدد سے بچوں سے یابندگی کےساتھ بامعنی کارڈ اورر قعے کھوائیں۔البتہ ہر بیچے کواپنی پیند کانمونه منتخب کر کے، اپنے پیندیدہ دوسنت/سہیلی کو پیغام کھنے کی آ زادی دیں۔اس سرگرمی میں بچوں کی ذاتی اور آ زادانہ تحریر پر زور دنینامقصود ہے للہذا ان کارڈ کو جانچ کرنشان زد کرنے یا مارکس وغیرہ دینے سے پر ہیز کریں۔ جہاں ضروری ہووہاں بچوں گی صرف زبانی رہبری کریں۔ جہاں تک ممکن ہوکارڈ / کاغذیر بغیر خط تھینچے ککھوائیں۔صفحہ 41 پر دیے ہوئے خودنو لی کے نمونے مثال کے طور پرنہیں دیے گئے ہیں بلکہ وہ نمونے پیر بتانے کے لیے دیے گئے ہیں کہاس مرحلے پراستاد بچوں کی کیسی بھی حرف نویسی کوقبول کر لے۔



Wish you all the best!





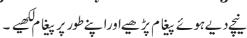
Make a list of things in your classroom.

3. List ten things you see at home.





Read the following and write your own messages.







The Surprise

It was 5 September. Teachers' Day! When the Teacher opened the postbox, there was a surprise for her!

All the letters were for the Teacher.

Thank you, Dear Teacher. Thank you so much.











Make a postbox for your classroom and use it to send Birthday and other messages to your classmates.

اپنی جماعت کے لیے پوسٹ باکس بنائیے اوراس کا استعال اپنے ہم جماعت دوستوں اور مہیلیوں کوسالگرہ کی مبارکباد اور دوسرے پیغام دینے کے لیے تیجیے۔

How Birds Fly



Listen carefully and read with me.







How do birds fly?

'Simple!' You will say, 'Birds fly using their wings.'

True. But having wings is not enough.

There are many other things that help birds to fly.

> Birds have a very light body.





Their bones are very strong but hollow.





Their feathers have special shapes. The feathers are

arranged in a special way in the wings.





The wings have powerful muscles. Birds can move their wings easily in different ways.

They flap, they flutter.

They soar high into the air.



They glide in the sky. They can turn this way or that way as they fly.





They can see things from far away.





They can land easily and safely.

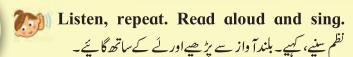
Birds can ride the wind or air currents and travel long distances.

Can you think of other things that fly? Find out how they fly.



...









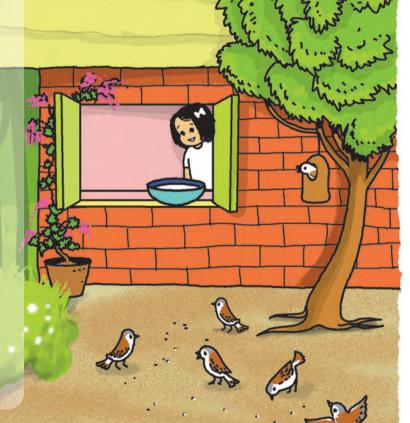
"Little brown sparrows, Flying around, Up in the tree-tops, Down on the ground.

"Come to my window, Dear sparrows, come! See! I will give you Many a crumb.

"Here is some water, Sparkling and clear, Come, little sparrows, Drink without fear.

"If you are tired, Here is a nest; Wouldn't you like to Come here to rest?"

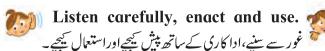
« 'لِثْل براؤن `شِيليروز، ﴿ اللهُ ال



Say how you will invite these in 1-2 lines:

a little pup * a kitten * a squirrel

Circles 3



Teacher:

Form two circles, one inside the other. Stand facing one another.

Children in the inner circle run a library. They are standing at the library counter. Children in the outer circle will visit each person at the counter.

They will enquire about books in the library. They may return or borrow books.

Practice the following dialogues in the circles

Practise the following dialogues in the circles.



At the Counter

1.

C: Hello. Can I borrow some books, please?

L: Which ones do you want?

C: Story-books.

L : Look at these books.

You may borrow
two of them.

C: Thank you.

L: Welcome.

2.

C: I want to return these books and take new ones.

L : Ok. Which books do you want?

C: I can't think of any.

Please suggest a book.

C: Ok, I'll try. Thanks.

L : You are welcome.

3.

C: Can you lend me the DVD of (a film)?

L : Sorry. It's issued out.

Someone else has taken it.

C: Never mind. I'll take it some other time.

C: Child L: Librarian

ان مکالموں میں کتابوں ،فلموں کے نام وغیرہ تفصیلات بچوں کو طے کرنے دیں۔ان میں بچچا گراُردو، ہندی کتابوں یامختلف ی ڈی۔ ڈی وی ڈی کا ذکر کریں تب بھی کوئی حرج نہیں۔ان مکالموں کے جملے جماعت کےعلاوہ بھی استعال کرنے کی ترغیب دیں۔

UNIT 3 45





Read. Listen carefully and enact. را هيد غور سه سني اورادا کارې کے ساتھ پیش کيجيد







Namita gets up at 7 in the morning, and brushes her teeth.







Between 7 and 8, she does household work and goes through the newspaper.





Between 8 and 8:30, she takes a shower.

She eats her breakfast between 8:30 and 9.



Between 9 and 10, she attends a driving class. She is learning to drive a car.





Between 10 and 10:30, she packs her lunch and gets ready to go.

Between 10:30 and 11, she travels to her office.





From 11 to 5, she is at work.

She comes home at 5:30 in the evening and takes tea.





Then, she goes jogging in a park from 6 to 7 in the evening.

She watches TV up to 9 o'clock.







Till 9 o'clock, she also does household work, and sometimes listens to music.





She takes dinner at 9. Then she reads books and goes to sleep at 11.



• Listen to the time and mime what Namita does at that time.

7:45 am

8:15 am

8:45 am

9:30 am

10:00 pm

3 o'clock

5:30 pm

6:30 pm

8:30 pm

12 o'clock or noon

am: before noon or midday, pm: after noon or midday



- آسان الفاظ میں انگریزی کہانی، ہدایت،معلومات سن کر ان کے معنی سمجھ سکتے
 - استاد کی مرد سے اور مرد کے بغیر بھی کتاب کی کہانی پڑھ کرسنا سکتے ہیں۔
- آسان انگریزی جملے پڑھ کران کی ترتیب طے کر سکتے ہیں۔
 آسان انگریزی فظوں میں لکھی ہوئی تصویری معلومات سمجھ سکتے ہیں۔

 آسان انگریزی کے سیدھے سادے پیغام دیکھے کر لکھ سکتے ہیں۔

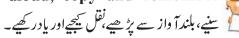
 انگریزی کے سیدھے سادے پیغام دیکھے کر لکھ سکتے ہیں۔

 اسی طرح اپنے طور
- 🗸 اب تک سیھی ہوئی انگریزی نظمیں ئے میں سنا سکتے ہیں۔ 🗌
- . ان میں سے تین حپارمصرعے دیکھ کرلکھ سکتے ہیں۔ مختلف موقعوں پرایک دوانگریزی الفاظ استعال کر کے مناسب ردعمل کا
- کچھ بڑے مکا آموں میں پوچھ تاچھ، گزارش کرنے ، جواب دینے وغیرہ کے لیے مناسب انگریزی جملے استعال کر سکتے ہیں۔

Good Habits



Listen, read aloud, copy and remember.



Unit Four

k*******

Early to bed, and early to rise, Is the way to be healthy, wealthy and wise.

وَن ، لو ، وواك الور لو ، وو یب مشارت اِٹ مویل ، اَنْدُ کلیری اِٹ تھرؤ۔

اُرلی ٹ ہیڈ اُنڈ اُرلی ٹ رائز،

> * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * One, two, whatever you do, Start it well, and carry it through.

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

one thing at a time And that done well, Is a very good rule As many can tell.

وَن تِعْنَك أَتْ أَمَّاكُمُ أَنْتُرُ رُولِيكِ وَأَن رُولِل، اِز اَ ویری کُلُّه ﴿ رَوْلَ اَز `ملنی کین `ثیل۔





مارثْز ، لائك ﴿ وَرِز ، وِل آوَ بِنَ وَتِهُ اير ئ ‹ويري ويري `شموال كيز_ أَنْلُهُ وَأَنْكُ فَرِّكِيكُ دليكُ الْوَاوِافُ وير آر 'خلینک یؤ ،مَر' اُنْدُ 'اِف یؤ ،پکیز!'

Hearts, like doors, Will open with ease To very, very small keys. And don't forget that Two of these Are "Thank you, Sir" and "If you please"!

اس مقصد کے تحت بچوں سے پڑھوائیں (دیکھ کر)لکھوائیں اوراعادہ کروائیں کہ نھیں چھوٹی تجھوٹی انگریزی نظمیں ،اقوال زرین آ سانی سے ہمیشہ یا در ہیں۔





Use the letters to make words.

S	t	n		g	n	k			f	h	S
c	a	d		S	i	С			1	e	t
p	b	m		b	r	d			b	g	n
						_					
		b	f	X		n	t	r			
		g	O	1		S	u	c			
		h	t	d		р	h	k			

Teacher: Look at the tables given above.

Let us use one table at a time.

You have to make words using the letters in each table. You can begin with any letter and move in any direction.

You cannot jump over a letter or use a letter twice.

Student: Excuse me, Teacher.

Will you please explain it once again ?

Teacher: Yes. Let me give you an example.



S **Example:** \bullet $S \rightarrow t \rightarrow a \rightarrow n \rightarrow d$ stand C $c \rightarrow a \rightarrow p$ pŁ m cap

جدول کے چوکونوں میں دیے ہوئے حروف ترتیب سے استعال کر کے لفظ بنانے کا پیکھیل ہے۔کسی بھی حرف سے ابتدا کر کے اوپر پنیے، دائیں بائیں، آڑے غرض پی کہ کسی بھی سمت میں جاکرا گلے چوکونوں میں سے ایک ایک حرف لے کرلفظ بنانا ہے۔ بننے والے لفظ میں کتنے بھی حرف ہوسکتے ہیں۔ البنتہ بازو کے چوکون کا ہی حرف کینا ہے۔ بازو کا چوکون چپھوڑ کرا گلا حرف نہیں لے سکتے اور نہ ہی ایک لفظ میں ایک ہی حرف دو باراستعال کر سکتے ہیں۔اس کھیل کو کھلا تے وقت ایک بار میں ایک جدول دے . کرلفظ بنانے کے لیے وقت مقرر کردیں۔ بچوں کے بنائے ہوئے الفاظ تختہ کسیاہ پر کھیں۔ان جدولوں کی طرح مزید جدول بنانے کی ترغیب دیں۔



A GARDEN OF WORDS

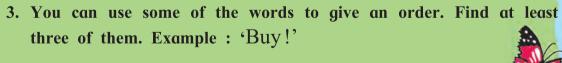
always	dream	high	nice	soft
before	dreaming	just	past	spilled
better	even know people		people	surprise
bought	ever	lost	pot	tasty
butter	flew	make	price	thick
buy	from	market	rich	toss
carrying	gently	milk	rolled	tossed
churn	get	money	sell	wait
creamy	golden	moved	should	wear
does	held	much	show	your



- 1. Listen carefully and tick off the words in your table.
- * always * churn * dreaming * gently * market
- * nice * price * should * soft * surprise * toss



2. Find words that end with: ing d



- 4. Find the smaller words in these words:
 - * does * creamy * carrying * golden



- 5. Use the letters in these words to make other words :
 - * dreaming * market * surpriseExample : * bought but, hut, hot, tub, etc.

درج بالا جدول کے ہرلفظ کے لیے e × 4 cm یا کسی دوسری سائز کے دبیز کاغذ کا کارڈ ہر بچے سے بنوائیں۔کارڈ بچوں کے پاس ہی رہنے دیں۔ بہتر ہوگا کہ اُن لفظوں پر منحصر یہاں دی ہوئی سرگرمی ایسے کارڈوں کے ذریعے کرائیں۔ جماعت میں تذریس کےعلاوہ دیگراوقات میں بھی بچوں کوگروپ میں/انفرادی طور پراس سرگرمی کوکرنے کی ترغیب دیں۔





1. Listen and read with me. سنے اور میرے ساتھ ساتھ دہرائیے۔





Maya the milkmaid was carrying a pot of milk on her head.
The milk was fresh and creamy.
Maya began to dream.

'There's so much milk in the pot.

It's rich and creamy.

I'll make nice, thick dahi
with this milk.

Then I'll churn it and make butter.

I'll take the butter to the market.

Many people will come to buy
the soft and tasty butter.

I will sell it at a good price.

I will get a lot of money.
What shall I do with the money?

I know what I will do.

I will buy big golden earrings.

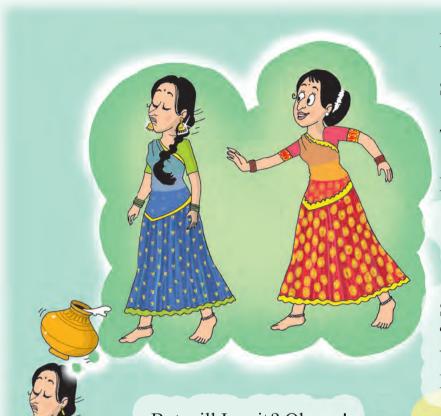
They will be much better than Meera's earrings.

She is always showing them off.

But now, Meera, just you wait!

I will wear them and walk past her like this.'

UNIT 4 51



Maya began to walk with her head held high.

She moved her head slowly from side to side.

The milk in her pot

rolled gently.

Maya went on dreaming -

'When Meera sees my rings, she will get a surprise.

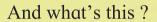
She will say,
"Oh, what lovely rings!
Wait, Maya, wait!
I want to see your rings!"

But will I wait? Oh, no!

Why should I? Does she ever wait for me?

No.

I will just toss my head like this –' Maya tossed her head (with a jerk).



Away flew the pot of milk. Out spilled the milk!

No milk - no *dahi* - no butter - no earrings!

Maya lost her earrings

even before she bought them.



- 2. Guess the meaning of the following words. ان الفاظ کے معنی انداز ہے ہے۔
 - * milkmaid
- * churn
- * jerk
- * spilled
- 3. Write the steps in Maya's dream from 'milk to earrings'.
- 4. Choose any 3-4 lines from the story and enact them.



Building Sentences



1. Choose one word/phrase from each house and make meaningful sentences.



ہرگھر میں ہے ایک لفظ/الفاظ کا گروہ چن کر بامعنی جملے بنائیے۔

The lion
The mouse



A cat
A dog
Amit
Neena

A few men
Some children

slept
ran
jumped
climbed
walked
fell

under the tree.
to the wall.
from the tree.
a wall.
on the wall.
on the mat.

- Try to make bigger sentences by choosing two items from the first two houses. You may add the word 'and' where necessary.
- 2. Choose one word/phrase from each house and make meaningful sentences.

sing study tomorrow. I will today. leave We will tonight. play You will on the day after tomorrow. wash He will two days after tomorrow. paint She will speak at once. It will write soon. They will make it later.

- Now try to add the following words to your sentences to make bigger (and meaningful) sentences.
 - * this place * a game * a few lines * this lesson
 - * a song * the drum * a picture * my clothes * a story





Listen and read with me. سنے اور میرے ساتھ ساتھ دہرائے۔





Human beings can speak.
They can talk to one another.
They can pass on messages.
They know how to write.
So, they can write letters.









Long, long ago,
messengers walked or ran
all the way to take a message.

Sometimes, they rode horses.



Sometimes, they used trained pigeons to carry messages.



Some people used drums to send messages to far-away places.

Some people used smoke signals.







Later, people began to send letters through the 'Post Office'. They used postcards or inland letters, envelopes, etc.





They had to put postal 'stamps' on the envelopes or parcels before sending them off.

> Post Office 7001



Later on, people started using electrical signals. Telegraph machines were used to send or receive these messages. These messages were called telegrams.





Then came the telephone. People made telephone calls from one place to another.



And now? Now we also have mobile or cellular or cellphones. We can speak on the cellphone or we can send an SMS – a written message.





We can send e-mails using the internet.

On the computer, we can use many sites to talk to friends and other people.

It is now so easy to send a message!







Read the following and write your own messages.





There was a match between 'A' and 'B' divisions of the fourth standard.

Gaurav was the captain of 'A' division's team.

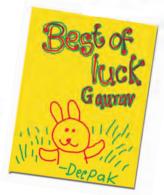
On the day of the match, this is what he got from the postbox:











Gaurav and his team won the match. Their friends were very happy.

They made a big card for Gaurav and his team. It was too big for the postbox.

They could not put it in the postbox. So, their teacher pasted it on the wall of the classroom.

Congratulations! You won the match. We are proud of you!

اِس صفحے کی تصویر وں میں بچوں کے بنائے ہوئے مبار کباد کے پیغام کی عبارتیں کافی بڑے کارڈ پر دکھائی گئی ہیں۔ کتاب میں دیے ہوئے دوسرے کارڈ کی عبارتوں کی طرح اِن کارڈ وں کی عبارتیں بھی پہلے پڑھنے کے لیے اور بعد میں لکھنے کے لیے استعال کریں۔ یہاں دیے ہوئے نمونوں کی بنا پر'پوسٹ باکس' سرگرمی کے لیے کارڈ / رقعے لکھوائیں ممکن ہوتو منعقد ہونے والے مقابلوں وغیرہ کے مواقع پراس کی مثل کرائیں۔خودنو کی کیارے میں صفحہ 41 کی ہدایت دیکھیں۔

56) UNIT 4

Group Telephone

Group A

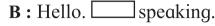


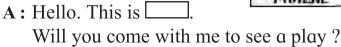
Read, practise and speak.





Tring. Tring.





B: Which one?

 $A: \Box$

B: Could you repeat that, please?

A:

B: Sorry. I can't hear you properly. Please tell again.

A: Shall I send you an SMS?

B: Please speak a little louder.

A: Wait. I'll text the name to you.

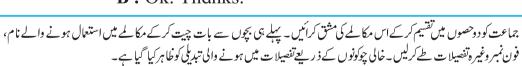
B: But this is a landline number.

A: All right. I'll send you a mail. What's your e-mail address?

 $\mathbf{B}:$

A: Ok. Please check your mail after some time.

B: Ok. Thanks.





Make a list of English words you use in Marathi when you talk about the following:

* a telephone * a mobile phone or cellphone * a computer

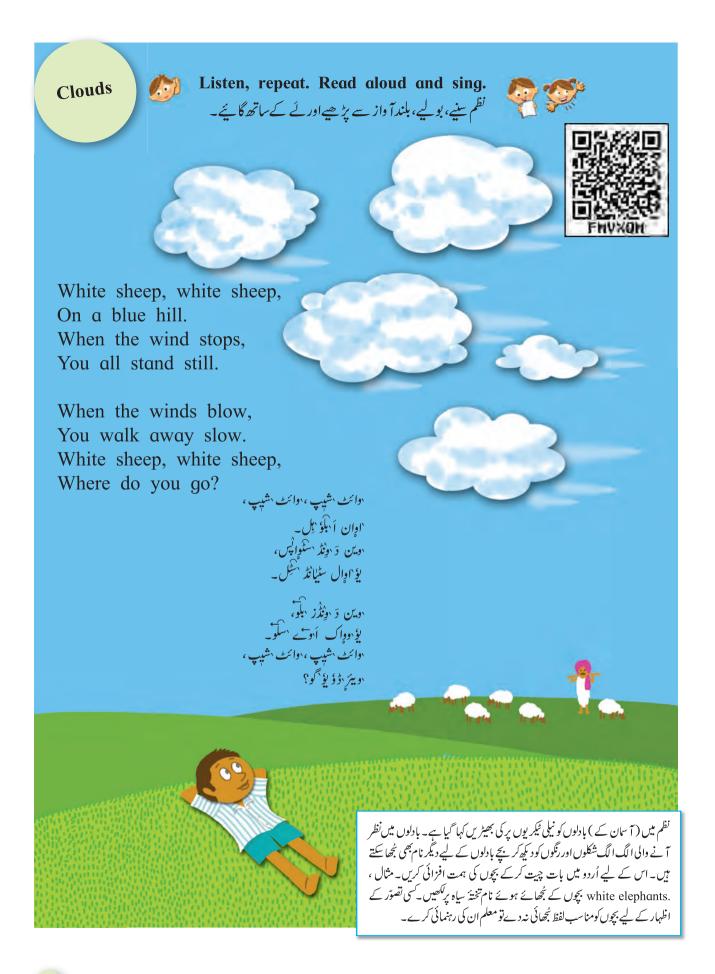
* the post office * TV a video game * cinema



Group B





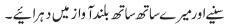


58) UNIT 4





1. Listen and read aloud with me.





Chorus: Oh, what a beautiful day!

The sun is shining.

A breeze is blowing.

Birds are chirping.

Flowers are blooming.

Oh, what a happy day!

Sheru enters with his sheep.





Chorus 1 : Who's that?

> It's Sheru with his sheep. Sheru doesn't look happy.

What's wrong, Sheru?

: I don't like my job. Sheru

Every day, it's the same.

Take the sheep, go to the hill,

and sit there all day.

I get so bored.

Chorus 2: Why don't you sing songs?

Sheru: I don't like songs.

Chorus 3: Why don't you play the flute?

Sheru: I don't like music.

Chorus 4: Why don't you read a book?

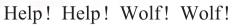
Sheru: I don't like to read.

I want to have fun.

Today, I'm going to have fun.

Just see what I do.

Starts shouting.



The wolf is taking my sheep away.

Please help! Please help!

Men rush in with sticks.

First Man : Don't worry, Sheru.

Second Man: We'll drive the wolf away.

Third Man : Where's the wolf?

Sheru : Ha! Ha! There's no wolf.

I was shouting just for fun.



: You silly boy! This is no fun.

Don't do it again.

Go away.

Chorus: Sheru, Sheru, don't be silly.

Don't cry 'Wolf!' for fun.

Sheru: How I tricked the men!

Ha! Ha! Ha!



How I fooled them!

Ha! Ha! Ha!

I want to do it again.

Oh! Aah! Wolf! Wolf! Help! Help! The wolf is taking my sheep away.

Please come! Please help! Wolf! Wolf!

Men rush in with sticks.

Men : What happened? Where's the wolf?

Sheru : Ha! Ha! Fooled you again.

There's no wolf.

But it's so much fun! Ha! Ha!

Men : You stupid boy!

We won't listen to you again.

We won't come again, even if you cry.

Go away.

Chorus: The men are angry.

They won't listen to Sheru again.

Even if Sheru cries,

They won't come again.

Chorus 1 : But what's this?

Chorus 2: It's a wolf.
Chorus 3: A real wolf.

Chorus 4: A real big bad wolf.

Now what will Sheru do?

Sheru : Oh, no! Wolf! Go away, Wolf!

Don't come near! Don't touch my sheep!

Help! Help! Wolf! Wolf!

The wolf is taking my sheep away.

Help! Help! Help!

Chorus: No one listens to Sheru now.

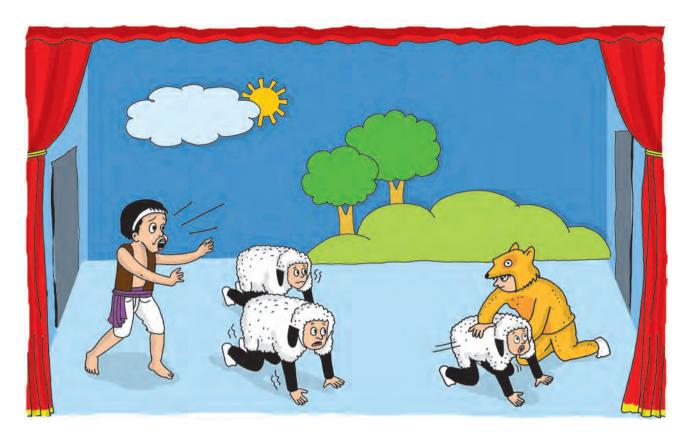
No one comes to help.

Wolf takes a sheep away.



UNIT 4

61



: My sheep! My sheep! Sheru

> Oh, no! I'm sorry! I'm so very sorry!

I'll never cry 'Wolf!' for fun again!

Chorus: Sheru has learnt his lesson.

He'll never cry 'Wolf!' for fun again.



2. Guess the meaning of the following words.

ینچے دیے ہوئے الفاظ کے معنی اندازے سے بتائے۔

- blooming
- * tricked

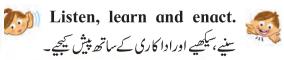


- 3. Answer the following questions orally.
 - * What does Sheru do every day? (Take the sheep,)
 - * Why does Sheru not sing songs? (Because he doesn't like)
 - * Why does Sheru not play the flute?
 - * Why does Sheru not read a book?
 - * What did Sheru want?
 - * What did Sheru say at the end?



4. Enact the play.

Minding the Class







جماعت کے نظم و ضبط (جماعت کو چپ بٹھانے) کے لیے ہمیشہ استعال ہونے والی چند ہدایتیں یہاں دی گئ ہیں۔ ان کی خاصی مثق ہوجانے کے بعداس پورے حصے کوڈرامائی شکل میں بھی پیش کیا جاسکتا ہے۔

Please keep quiet. Listen to me.

Silence, silence, please. No talking. Sssh!

Listen! No noise, please. Keep quiet, everyone.

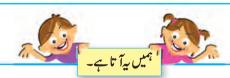
And I mean everyone. Silence in the classroom.

Vineeta! Stop talking. Stop talking at once.

Who's that talking in the corner? Who's talking at the back?

Pay attention, everybody. Look here. Be quiet. Good.

Now look at me and listen very very carefully.



- مانوس موضوع پر آسان انگریزی میں دی ہوئی معلومات سمجھ میں آتی ہے۔ 🔻
 - انگریزی مکالموں، ڈراموں میں حصہ لے سکتے ہیں۔
 فون پر بات چیت کرتے ہوئے مناسب انگریزی الفاظ/ جملے استعال کر سکتے
 - - ڈرامے، کہائی، معلومات میں استعال کیے ہوئے پچھائلریزی الفاظ کے معتی اندازہ لگا سکتے ہیں۔ 🔲
- چھوٹی انگریزی نظمیں اوراقوالِ زرّین آ سانی سے یاد ہوجاتے ہیں اور پیش کر
- اپنے طور پر آسان اسپیلنگ والے، بامعنی کئی انگریزی الفاظ بول اور لکھ سکتے ۔ ہیں۔ 🔲
- ئیں۔ 🗀 دیے ہوئے الفاظ استعال کرکے بامعنی انگریزی جملے بناسکتے ہیں،ککھ سکتے ہیں۔ بیں ۔ 🔲





Marcologia 1. Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing.

نظم سنیے، کہیں۔ بلندآ واز سے پڑھیےاور کے کے ساتھ گائیے۔





2. Change the letters in the following words and make a new word. Examples: by \rightarrow my, in \rightarrow it, is.

* up * to * he * of * the * has * find

3. Find the smaller words in these bigger words.

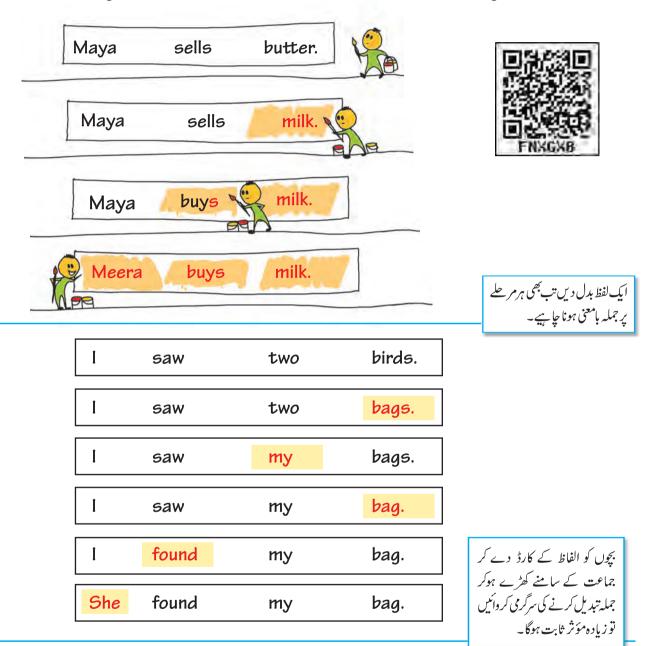
* caterpillar * spins * himself * asleep * butterfly

64



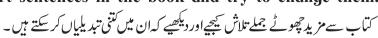
1. Read and change the sentences.

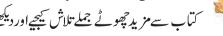
Teacher: Change one word at a time and make a different but meaningful sentence.





2. Find other short sentences in the book and try to change them.





- * Priya liked sweets.
- * The sky is falling.
- * He reached the mango tree.
 * Don't touch my sheep.
- - * We have a postbox in our classroom.



GARDEN OF WORDS



again	cross	him	please	throne
angry	crown	home	popped	thunder
around	diamonds	house	queen	towers
back	down	its	saw	voice
beautiful	enough	kind	sea	water
became	every	magic	speak	waves
blue	fisherman	must	storm	were
buildings	garden	near	strange	wife
castle	happened	ordered	surprised	wish
catch	happy	passed	thing	wore



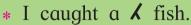
- 🧌 1. Listen carefully to each word and tick the words that you know.
 - 2. Find the words that show * things * actions.

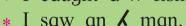


3. Read the following sentences. Add a suitable word from the table to the sentence and say it again. Write down the sentence.

For Example: It's a 1 house.

It's a beautiful house.



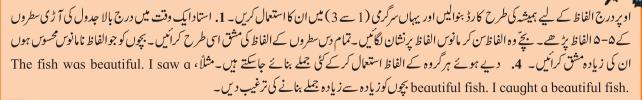








- 4. Read the pairs of words given below. Make up a sentence using both the words.
 - * fish, beautiful * animals, water * like, diamonds
 - * queen, happy * fish, net









1. Listen carefully and read with me.





Malhar was a fisherman. He lived with his wife in a little hut near the sea. He went down to the sea every day to catch fish.

One day, a strange thing happened. He caught a big golden fish in his net. When Malhar took the fish out of water, the fish began to speak.





"O fisherman, please let me go."
Malhar was very surprised. He was a kind man. He let the fish go.

Malhar went home empty-handed. He told his wife about the fish. His wife was not very kind.



"Foolish man! Why did you let the fish go? Go back to the sea and call the fish. It must be a magic fish. Ask the fish to grant you a wish."

So Malhar went back to the sea and called the fish.

"O fish, please grant me a wish."

The fish popped up its head out of the blue sea and said,

"What is your wish?"



"I want a big house with a garden for my wife."

"Go back home. Your wish is granted."

Malhar went back home. In place of his little hut, he saw a big house with a garden. "What a beautiful house!" he said.





Some days passed. Malhar's wife said to him, "This house is not enough. I want to live in a castle. I want to be a queen."

So Malhar went back to the sea and called the fish.

"O fish, please grant me a wish."

There were big waves in the sea. The fish came and asked,

"What is your wish?"

"My wife wants to be a queen."

"Go back home. Your wish is granted."

Malhar went back home. In place of the big house, he saw a castle. The castle had many buildings and towers. There were many gardens around the castle.

"What a beautiful castle!" said Malhar.



In the castle, his wife sat on a throne of gold and diamonds. She wore a crown.

"Are you happy, now?" asked Malhar.

"We shall see," said his wife.

Some days passed. Malhar's wife called him, "This is not enough for me. Now I want to be a goddess."

"What are you asking for, wife? It is not right." said Malhar. But his wife became angry.

"Go to the fish at once!" she ordered.





Malhar went back to the sea and called the fish, "O fish, please grant me one more wish."

When the fish came, there was a storm in the sea. The fish looked very very cross.

"What is it, now?"

"My wife wants to be a goddess," said Malhar in a small voice.

"Go back home!" the fish said. His voice was like thunder, "And don't come again."

Malhar went back home. In place of the big castle, he saw his little hut. His wife had to live in the little hut once again.





2. Read the following words and write at least one sentence about each.



For example: Hut: The hut was near the sea.

- * Malhar
- * Malhar's wife
- * The golden fish

- * house
- * castle

3. Discuss the following in Marathi.

- * Why was there a storm in the sea when the fish came for the last time?
- * Suppose you met the fish. What will you ask for ?

یہ شق اس مقصد سے دی گئ ہے کہ کہانی اگر انگریزی میں بھی سنائی جائے تو اسے سن کریا پڑھ کر بچوں کی سوچ کو تحریک ملے۔ یہاں بچوں کی فہم اور ان کے ذاتی خیالات کو اہمیت حاصل ہے۔ اس لیے بات چیت کرنے کے لیے بچوں کا مادری زبان استعال کرنا زیادہ مناسب ہوگا۔

Circles 4



Listen, speak and use.





Teacher: Let us use the circles to practise some questions and answers.

Chit-chat

- What's your favourite dish?
- * Who is your favourite player?
- * Which song do you like to sing?
- * How do you come to school?
- * When do you reach home after school?
- * Where do you play?
- * What are you good at ?



 Take down the answers to any one question and present them in the classroom. یہاں دیے ہوئے سوالوں کے مختلف جواب مل سکتے ہیں۔گھومتے دائرے میں ایک وقت میں دو تین سوالوں کی مشق کروائیں۔کسی ایک سوال کے تمام پانچ بچوں کے ذریعے دیے گئے جواب سب بچے لکھ لیں اورانھیں جماعت میں پیش کریں۔ From the Postbox



Read the following and write your own messages.





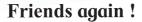


Sonali, Neeta, Himani and Manish are all friends.
Sometimes they have fights and quarrels.
But they get over their quarrels.
That is because they know a magic word.

You can read it in Sonali's letter to Neeta.

Can you find it?





Did you find the magic word?



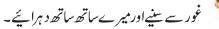
یہاں دیے ہوئے رقعوں سے ایک کہانی تیار ہوتی ہے۔اس لیے اِن نمونوں کو ترتیب سے پڑھیں۔ اِن رقعوں سے ظاہر ہونے والے واقعے کے بارے میں بچوں سے بات چیت کریں۔ پھر بچوں کی پیند کےمطابق رؤٹھنے اور ناراضگی دورکرنے کے خیالی پیغام ان سے کھوانے میں کوئی مضا نَقة نہیں۔

UNIT 5 71





Market Listen carefully and read with me.





What is there under the sea?

The sea is very deep. There are many plants and animals in the sea. Some of them are very small. We cannot see them with our eyes.

There are fishes, turtles and many strange and beautiful animals in the sea. The largest of all animals is the blue whale. It lives in the sea.



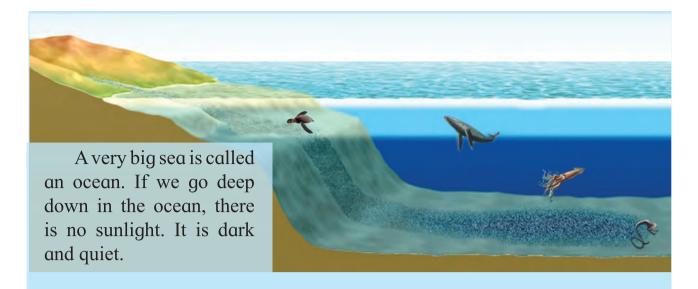






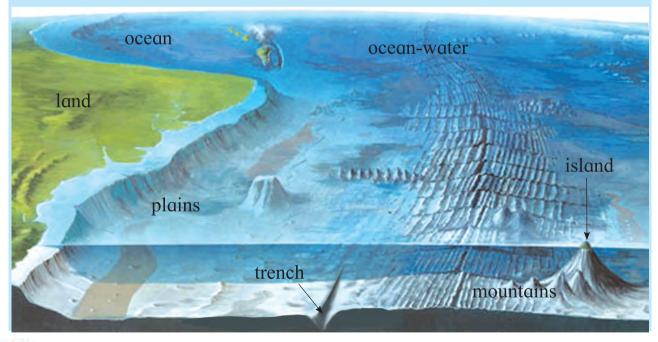
There are many different types of plants in the sea. In some places, there are so many that it is like an underwater forest.





The bottom of the ocean is known as 'ocean floor'. The ocean floor is not flat. Just as we see mountains and valleys and plains on land, there are mountains and plains and also deep trenches in the ocean floor.

When the top of such a mountain rises out of ocean water, it forms an island. You can see these things in the picture below.





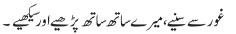
Draw a picture of the sky and write the names of the things you show in the picture.

اِس صفحے پرسمندر کی تہد کی خیالی شکل دی ہوئی ہے۔شکل میں دیے ہوئے ناموں کے ذریعے بچوں کو تہد کے بارے میں سمجھائیں۔





(1) 1. Listen carefully, read with me and learn.





Children of class IV B went to a big garden for a picnic. At the gate, they saw a big board. The names of the different parts of the garden were written on the board, one below the other. "What a long **list**!" the children said.

"Where shall we go first?" someone asked.

"To the lake! Boating!" many children said.



Gems urser Neel Lake Moti Resort Pushkar Garden Manik Heera Garden Garden Paachu Corner Entrance

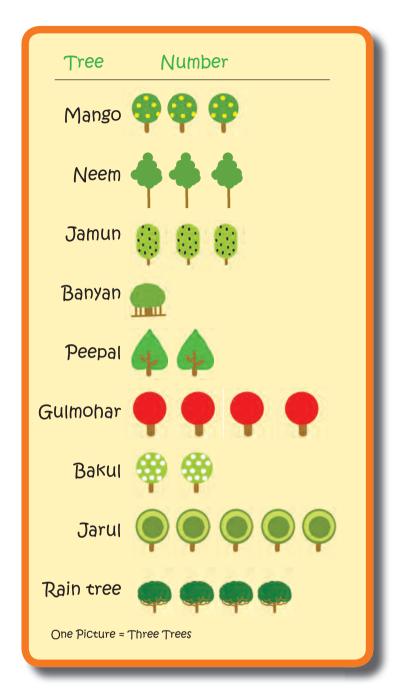
"But how do we go there?"

"See, there's a map of the garden here, we will see the map and find our way to the lake."

The teachers took the children to the lake for boat rides. Then they sat under a tree to eat some snacks.

There was another big board near the tree. There was a chart on the board with pictures of trees in it.

"What does it mean, Teacher?" the children asked.



"It's a **pictogram** or **pictograph**," said the Teacher. "It gives you information with the help of pictures. This chart tells us how many trees of each type there are in this garden. Now look at the chart carefully and tell me what trees there are in this garden."

"Mango, neem, jamun, banyan, peepal, gulmohar, bakul, jarul (tamhan) and rain trees."

"Very good. Now tell me how many trees of each type there are."

The children answered this question correctly. Can you answer the question with the help of this pictogram?"





- 2. Now, as a class activity, prepare the following to give some information related to your school.
 - * Any list. (Put your list in alphabetical order.)
 - * Any map.
 - * Any pictogram.

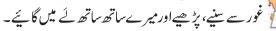


You may discuss the topics for the pictogram in Marathi. But the title and the labels in the pictogram must be in English. (Furniture, rooms, trees, people, etc.)

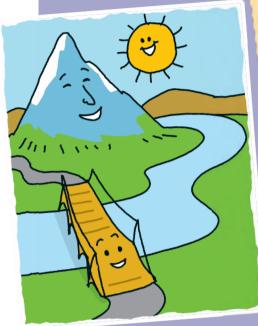
Riddles



🦍 Listen carefully, read and sing with me.







Never darkness do I see, Not even a shadowy place. But you can see me all day, Though I might burn your face. (Luc 2nu)



To cross the water, I'm the way, For water I'm above; I touch it not, and truth to say, I neither swim nor move.

(A bridge)

My feet stay warm, But my head is cold. No one can move me, I'm just too old.

(Mountain)

Project

Prepare at least 3 riddles that end with 'Who am I?' and three more that end with 'What is it?'

Examples:

My name begins with 'c', ends with 'r'. Many times there is a mouse with me. Who am I?

It has four legs. We see it in the classroom. We put things on it. What is it?





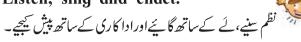
- تصویروں، نقثوں کو انگریزی نام دے سکتے ہیں۔ 📗 انگریزی میں فہرست بنا سکتے ہیں۔ 🗌
- . اگریزی میں بنائی ہوئی فہرست کوa z ترتیب میں لگا سکتے ہیں۔ دی ہوئی مثال کے مطابق اپنے طور پر کئی انگریزی جملے بناسکتے ہیں۔
- اب تک سنے ہوئے/ پڑھے ہوئے جملوں کا استعال کرکے انگریزی میں دوتین مربوط جملے کھھ سکتے ہیں۔
- انگریزی نظم کے پر سنا سکتے ہیں۔ 🗌 آسان نظموں کا مطلب سمجھ سکتے
- ہیں۔ ا دوستوں سہیلیوں سے بات چیت کرتے ہوئے انگریزی میں سوال جواب کر سکتے ہیں۔ آسان الفاظ میں انگریزی کہانی، ہدایت من کرا پڑھ کران کے معنی سمجھ سکتے
- یں۔ ۔ تصویر وں، شکلوں کے ساتھ دی ہوئی آ سان انگریزی سرخیاں اور معلومات

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An Action Rhyme



Listen, sing and enact.



Unit Six

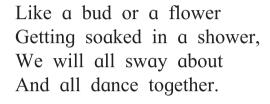


Like a leaf or a feather In the windy, windy weather, We will all twirl around And all sink down - together.



لائك أليف اوار أفيدر اِن وَ ﴿وَنَدُى ﴿وَنَدُى وَنِدُرِ، ويل اوال توركل أمراؤند ُ اللهُ 'اوِالْ مِسْنَكُ دُاوَن كُ گيدَرٍ۔ اَنْدُ 'اوِالْ مِسْنَكُ دُاوَن كُ گيدَرٍ۔

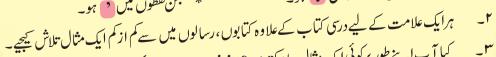
لاتك أبدً اوآر أفلاور كيڻنگ سؤڭٹ إن أ شاور ویل اوال سوے اُہاؤٹ أَنْدُ اوال دُانُس كُلْيَدَرِ.

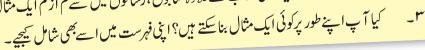


Find other things you might like to imitate. Then present the actions and the related English words in the class. **Example:** Swim around like a fish.

Mark what you write!

- 1. Note the following marks. From this book, find at least 5 examples of each of the following:
 - * Sentences that end with ?
- * Sentences that end with !
- * Sentences that end with .
- * Words that have ?.
- Find at least one example of each of these marks from some other book, magazine, etc.
- 3. Can you think of one more example of each on your own? Add it to your list.



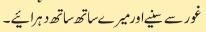








1. Listen carefully and read with me.

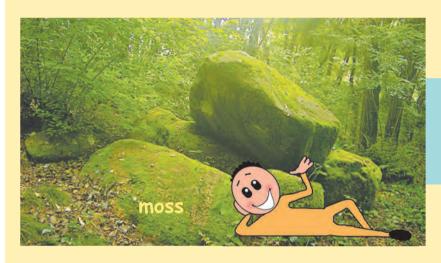






Let us take a trip to the kingdom of plants. What a great variety!

There are thousands and thousands of different types of plants here.



This is moss. It is soft. It looks like a bright green carpet.

Look at the grass. This too, is soft, green and short.

But do you know, rice, wheat and jowar are also types of grass. They give us grain.

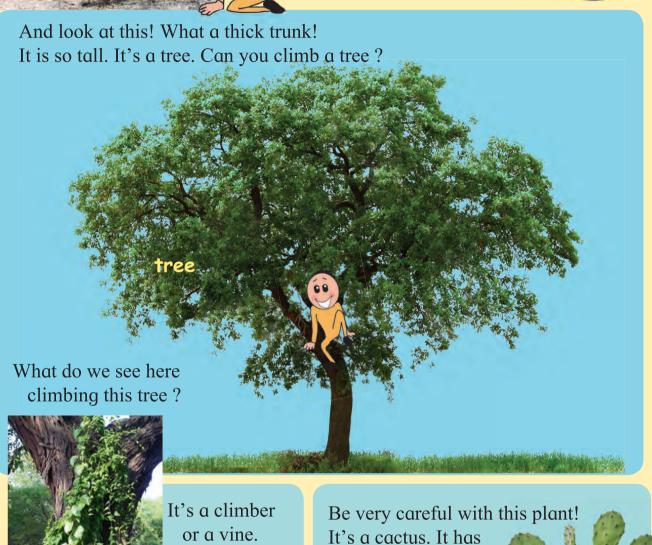




This plant has a tough stem and so many branches.

It has many leaves, too. It is a bush or shrub.





The plant kingdom is a beautiful kingdom. Would you like to grow a plant?

many thorns.

The thorns can prick you.

2. List the names of different types of plants.

These plants

grow very fast.

- 3. Draw pictures to show the following:
 - * stem * branch * trunk * bush * leaf * thorn

cactus

I want to tell you...



Listen and read aloud. سنیے اور بلند آواز سے پڑھیے۔





Good morning.

I'm Ria.

I want to tell you about my dog.

His name is Spotty.

He has black spots on his body.

He wants to play with me all the time.

I love my dog.





Hello. I am Sarthak. I would like to tell you about my brother. He is in the eighth standard. He goes to a music class. He is a very good singer.

Hello, everybody! I'm Shraddha. I want to show to you my collection of seeds. I put the seeds in small packets. Sometimes, I take them out and arrange them in different ways. I am going to prepare

labels for my packets.



اساتذہ جماعت میں ہر بچے کواس کی پیند کے موضوع کا انتخاب کرنے دیں اور اس پرتین چار مربوط جملے بنوائیں۔ ہرایک بچے کواس کے بنائے ہوئے جملے پیش کرنے کا موقع ڈیں۔



A GARDEN OF WORDS

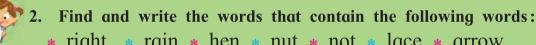


river



first

1. Listen carefully and tick off the words you know.



loved

* right * rain * hen * nut * not * lace * arrow.

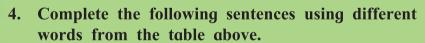


yourself

3. Find the words that tell us about numbers. For Example: First.



story





- * Who will do it? * She picked up the
- * Please me. * The king was in the

اوپر درج الفاظ کے لیے ہمیشہ کی طرح کارڈ بنوالیں اور یہاں سرگرمی (1 ہے 4) میں ان کا استعال کریں۔ 1. استاد اوپر دیے ہوئے الفاظر تیب سے کھے۔ ۔ پھر پچوں کو نامانوں محسوں ہونے والے الفاظ تختۂ ساہ پرلکھ کران کی بکندخوانی کرائے۔ 4. یہاں دیے ہوئے جملے اس طرح مکمل کرنا ہے کہ وہ بامعنی ہوجائیں۔ایک ایک جملہ الگ الگ متبادل استعال کر کے کممل کیا جاسکتا ہے۔ بچوں کوزیادہ جملے بنانے کی ترغیب دیں۔اسی طرح دیکھیں کہ درج بالا الفاظ کے علاوہ کسی اورلفظ کومناسب طریقے سے استعال کرکے بیچے جملے بناسکتے ہیں یانہیں۔

A Neverending Story



1. Listen carefully and read with me.







Once there was a king. He loved stories.

"Tell me a story!" he said all the time.

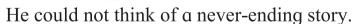
At the end of the story, he said, "And then? What happened next?"

"Nothing. This is the end," said the story-teller.

"Tell me a story that has no end. I want a never-ending story."

The story-teller thought and thought.

All his stories had an end.



Then he had a bright idea. He began to tell a new story.

"Once there was a king.

He lived in a big palace.

The palace had a big kitchen and a big storehouse.

There were big heaps of grain in the storehouse.

There was a hole in the wall of the storehouse.



WNIT 6



A little sparrow saw the hole, and swiftly flew inside the storehouse. Then she picked a grain and flew away."

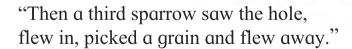
"What happened next?" said the king.

"Then another sparrow saw the hole, flew in, picked a grain and flew away."

"Oh, and then?

What happened next?"





"And then?"

"Then a fourth sparrow saw the hole...."
The story went on and on like this.

Even now, the story-teller is telling the king this story about the grains and the sparrows.

If you don't believe me, you can go there and see for yourself.

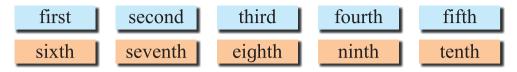








2. Read and learn.





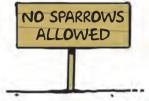
3. Write the two words that make up these big words.

* story-teller *

* never-ending

* storehouse

4. Discuss, in Marathi, how you can end the story-teller's 'Never-ending story'.



5. Now try to find other never-ending stories. Present your ideas in English. Examples:



1. One bus came to the bus-stand and went away after five minutes.

Then another



2. One man came, filled his bucket at the river and went away.

Then another



3. One wave rose, came to the shore and broke at the shore.

Then another



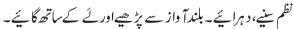
4. It was day and then it was night and then the next day and the next night, and then, the next...



Five Fluffy Little Robins



1. Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing.









> "کم اوان!"، ﴿سِیدٌ دِ 'اَوَرُز، 'فَلاَئِنگ ْ فَرِیلی اِن دَ 'سَ

سَوْ دِيرً لِقُل بَرُوَر مُرائدٌ إِك

آثلًا ۚ فَا وَثُلُّهُ وليكِ إِثْ وَز ْ فَن _

Looked up at the sky.

It was time to leave the nest,
And find out how to fly.

Five Fluffy Little Robins,



Four flitter-fluttered off, But one was full of fear. He said, "It's far too high, I think I'll stay right here!"



"Come on!", said the others, Flying freely in the sun. So their little brother tried it And found that it was fun.





- 2. Complete the following in as many different ways as possible.
 - * It was time to

* It's far too



Learn, practise and use. سيكهيه مشق سيجيا وراستعال سيجيا

1. Make as many meaningful sentences from the table as you can.

Thank you

I'm sorry

for spilling water on your book.

for giving me your book.

for telling me his address.

I forgot your birthday.

for a lovely treat.

for this beautiful gift.

for being late / I'm late.

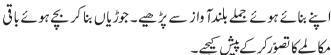
for saving my kitten.

I broke this cup.



2. Read aloud the sentences you make. Form pairs. Then imagine the remaining conversation and present it.





Example:



Manda: Please pass me that water bottle.

Nanda: Here! Catch!

Manda: Wait! Oh no!

Nanda: I'm sorry for spilling water on your book.

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Order, order!



Listen, read and do.







- Make the following lists putting 5-8 items in each list.
 - * Fruits
- * Vegetables
- * Things in your school bag

- * Birds
- * Animals
- * Colours

(You may find some examples even in this book!)

Now, re-arrange your list in alphabetical order. **Example:** List of some subjects you have to study in high school.

First List

- 5. Marathi
- 1. English
- 3. Hindi
- 6. Mathematics
- 4. History
- 2. Geography
- 7. Science

List in Alphabetical Order

- 1. English
- 2. Geography
- 3. Hindi
- 4. History
- Middle of the list
- 5. Marathi
- 6. Mathematics
- 7. Science

Bottom of the list

Top of the list



Re-arrange your list in the order of your preferences, putting what you like most at the top.



Use the lists to put questions to your partner in pairs.



- * What comes before L
- * What comes after \(\text{?} \)



- * Which subject do you like the least?
- * Do you like _____ better than ____
- * What do you like better or _____ or ___



Time to Laugh



Read and enjoy.

پڑھیےاورلطف اُٹھائیے۔



Daddy : Sachin, why are you wearing an

odd pair of shoes?

Sachin: The other pair is just as odd as this one.



Mummy: What's going on?

Bunty: The teacher has asked us

to write ten lines on a pet dog.





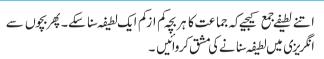
Sona: What are you doing, Mona?

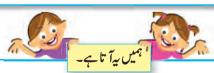
Mona: I am writing a letter to my younger brother.

Sona: Why are you writing it so slowly?

Mona: Because my brother is small. He cannot read fast.

• Collect jokes from newspapers, magazines or books and learn to tell a few jokes well.





- اپنے بارے میں یا دیگر چیزوں کے بارے میں اپنے دل سے دو نتین جملے کہہ سکتے ہیں۔ 🔲
- اینے خیالات کوانگریزی میں ظاہر کرنے کی کوشش کر سکتے ہیں۔
- د کیوکریااینے دل سے آسان انگریزی الفاظ، جملے لکھ سکتے ہیں۔
- انگریزی لکھتے وقت رموزِ اوقاف کا مناسب استعال کر سکتے ہیں۔
- اس سال سیھی ہوئی کئی نظمیں کے اور آ ہنگ کے ساتھ گا سکتے
 - انگریزی میں آسان سوال جواب کر سکتے ہیں۔
 - ہ انگریزی مکالمے میں حصہ لے سکتے ہیں۔
 - 📃 کھ لطیفے انگریزی میں ساسکتے ہیں۔
- سن کر/ پڑھ کر آسان انگریزی کہانی،معلومات، ہدایت سمجھ سکتے

ہیں۔

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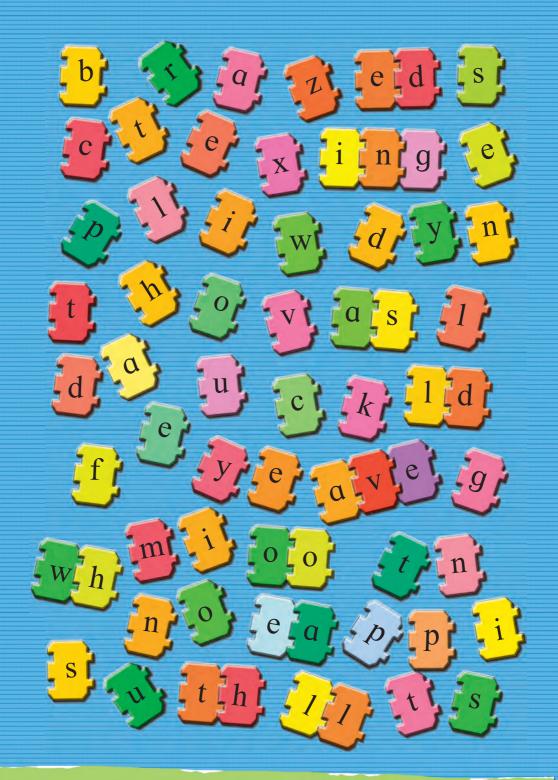
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